

Gettysburg Compiler.

99th YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1917

NO. 41

DEATH OF BELOVED PASTOR

GAVE THIRTY-TWO YEARS OF HIS LIFE TO LOCAL CHURCH.

Was Active in Good Work for His Church, People and the Community.

Thomas Jefferson Barkley, D.D., pastor emeritus of Trinity Reformed Church, passed away at the home of his daughter on Tuesday evening after a brief illness aged 83 years, 8 months and 7 days. Dr. Barkley had been in frail health for several years. The condition of his health caused him to resign his pastorate here in October 1915, but he was frequently seen on our streets and rarely missed a Sunday at his church. He was confined to his bed but a short time. Dr. Barkley was born in Western Pennsylvania and graduated from Heidelberg College, Ohio, in 1838, and from the Heidelberg Reformed Seminary in 1860, and received from his Alma Mater the degree of D.D. in 1874. He was ordained in 1860 at a charge in Darke County, Ohio, and served pastorates of his church for 55 years, at Delmont, Greensburg, Pittsburgh, and Sunbury, and was pastor of Trinity Reformed Church of this place for 32 years and eight

was married to Miss Margaret Lough who survives, together with four sons and two daughters: Amos Wagner of Redfield, S. D.; George Wagner of Los Angeles, Cal.; Miss Mary Wagner, a trained nurse, of York; John Wagner, Milton Wagner, and Miss Catherine Wagner at home. He also leaves a brother and three sisters: George Wagner of Table Rock, Miss Kate Wagner and Miss Ellen Wagner of Los Angeles; Mrs. Mary Miller, of Sells Station. Funeral was held on Tuesday with services by Rev. C. W. Baker, interment in New Oxford Cemetery.

Prof. William Henry Patrick, president of the Patrick Commercial School, York, and a widely-known penman, died last Saturday at the West Side Sanitarium, aged 60 years. He had been suffering for about five days from a carbuncle, for the cure of which he underwent an operation. Complications set in and blood poisoning developed, causing his death. Mr. Patrick went to York about 25 years ago from Baltimore and established a commercial school. Within the past 24 years he had been in touch with more than 6,000 pupils, many of whom have attained prominence in business circles. He was known among penmen of the country as one of the greatest free hand writers in the United States.

Harry A. Little died last Saturday at his home in McSherrystown aged



Trinity Reformed Church of which Dr. Barkley Was pastor for over 32 years.

months. During this time the Sunday School grew four times in numbers and the congregation doubled during his pastorate. The church was remodeled and enlarged in this period and the parsonage acquired and improved.

Dr. Barkley was devoted to his church and a willing bearer of its burdens. For 27 years he was stated clerk of the Gettysburg Classis. Early in his career he was stated clerk of the Westmoreland Classis. Then he helped to organize the Allegheny Classis and became its first president. He assisted in organizing the Pittsburgh Synod, one of the strong Reformed bodies now and was president of that Synod for a year. He helped in the founding of St. Paul's Orphans' Home of Greensburg, and for ten years was president of its board of trustees. He was for twelve years secretary of the Board of Home Missions of the Reformed Church, a member of the board of trustees of Newton College, Newton, N. C., for some years, a member of the board of visitors of Franklin and Marshall College. He helped to organize Hood College at Frederick, and was secretary and president of the Potomac Synod and a delegate to the General Synod meeting every third year for ten terms. He was president of the Hoffman Orphanage of this county since the establishment of that institution.

Dr. Barkley enjoyed not only the esteem of his people but also their affection to an unusual degree. He was always so kind and considerate, patient, helpful and cheerful that he was always a most welcome guest to his pastorates as he went about doing good.

Dr. Barkley lost his wife about two years ago and leaves one daughter, Mrs. Charles S. Duncan, of this place, and one son, William W. Barkley, of McKeesport.

The funeral was held on Friday morning at 10 o'clock in Trinity Reformed Church. The body laid in state for an hour previous to the service, conducted by Rev. Paul Reid Pontius, pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. Abner S. Dechant of Hanover. Interment was made in the Evergreen Cemetery.

Daniel Wagner, a well known resident of New Oxford, died at his home last Friday morning aged 54 years and 21 days. Death was due to lockjaw. Mr. Wagner was engaged the early part of previous week in preparing some town lots for seeding. He became slightly ill on Thursday but did not feel he required the attention of a physician until Monday of last week. A specialist was summoned from York and everything possible for his relief was done. There was no sign of any injury on his body that might have become infected and in that way cause tetanus, and the physicians and relatives are at a loss to know the source of the sickness. Mr. Wagner was the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Uriah Wagner. For a number of years he lived in the vicinity of Table Rock where he followed farming. Several years ago he moved to New Oxford where he had since been living retired. He

30 years, 11 months and 15 days. He was born in McSherrystown, was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Francis Little. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Ethel Lingg, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lingg, of McSherrystown, and two daughters, Agnes O. and Frances E. Little, at home. He was a member of the Cigarmakers' Union No. 316, of McSherrystown, and for the past thirteen years has been employed at the Newcomer cigar factory, Hanover. The funeral was held on Tuesday from St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Hanover, with a mass of requiem by the Rev. J. A. Huber, interment in St. Joseph's Cemetery.

James W. Hook died at his home in White Hall, Adams county, on Monday, aged 32 years, 11 months and 16 days. He was a son of John T. Hook of Midway, and was married to Miss Nina Diehl, a daughter of Bright Diehl, of New Oxford. Mr. Hook conducted an implement and fertilizer store in Hanover for a short period, about seven years ago, and was also engaged in the crayon picture business for several years. He leaves a widow, one son, Bright, at home, his father, John T. Hook, of Midway, three sisters Mrs. Charles Rebert of Midway, Mrs. Harry Senit of White Hall, Mrs. Augustus Lippy of Littlestown, and a half-brother, George Hook, of Birmingham, N. J. Funeral was on Thursday, May 24, services by Rev. C. W. Baker of New Oxford, interment in the New Oxford Cemetery.

Charles T. Rickrode died on Monday at his home in Irishtown from paralysis, aged 66 years, 10 months and 27 days. He is survived by one brother, John Rickrode, of Hanover, two sisters, Mrs. Margaret Nary, of Irishtown, and Mrs. Ignatius Lawrence of McSherrystown. The funeral was held Thursday morning from Sacred Heart Church, Conowingo, with a mass of high requiem at 10 o'clock by the Rev. Charles Koch, interment in Sacred Heart Church cemetery.

Mrs. Henry Fritz died last Saturday shortly before noon at her home near Cash-town, from drouse. Before marriage Mrs. Fritz was Miss Julia Stouffer of Arendtsville. She leaves her husband, four daughters and three sons: Mrs. H. Aughenbaugh of Gettysburg, Mrs. John Leebbaum of Cash-town, Mrs. Clarence Meckler of Ottumwa, Mrs. Annie Weikert of Table Rock, Emmert Fritz of Pennsylvania, Denton Fritz of Chambersburg, William Fritz of Waynesboro. She also leaves a brother, William Stouffer, of Arendtsville.

Matthias Lutter, aged about 65 years, died Tuesday evening at his home in New Freedom, following a lingering illness due to asthma. Mr. Lutter was a shoemaker by trade and resided in that place the past 32 years. He was a native of Germany. He is survived by his widow and six children: John of New Freedom, Geo. and Conrad of Philadelphia, Frank of Hanover, Mrs. Clarence Small of McSherrystown, and Mrs. Sophia Firestick of Baltimore.

PRESIDENTS PROCLAMATION

IN SIGNING SELECTIVE DRAFT BILL FOR A GREAT ARMY.

Within a Year the United States Army Will Contain Two Million Men.

President Wilson issued a proclamation last Friday, May 18, setting June 5 as the date for the registration of the proposed selective service national army of 500,000 men to be raised under the terms of the army draft bill. After quoting the provisions of the army bill he said:

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, do call upon the Governor of each of the several States and Territories, the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia and all officers and agents of the several States and Territories, of the District of Columbia and of the counties and municipalities therein to perform certain duties in the execution of the foregoing law, which duties will be communicated to them directly in regulations of even date herewith.

And I do further proclaim and give notice to all persons subject to registration in the several States and in the District of Columbia in accordance with the above law that the time and place of such registration shall be between 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. on the fifth day of June, 1917, at the registration place in the precinct wherein they have their permanent homes. Those who shall have attained their twenty-first birthday and who shall not have attained their thirty-first birthday on or before the day here named are required to register excepting only officers and enlisted men of the regular army, the navy, the marine corps, and the National Guard and naval militia while in the service of the United States, and officers in the officers' reserve corps and enlisted men in the enlisted reserve corps while in active service in the Territories of Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico a day for registration will be named in a later proclamation.

And I do charge those who, through sickness, shall be unable to present themselves for registration that they apply on or before the day of registration to the county clerk of the county where they may be for instructions as to how they may be registered by agent. Those who expect to be absent on the day named from the counties in which they have their permanent homes may register by mail, but their mailed registration cards must reach the places in which they have their permanent homes by the day named herein. They should apply as soon as practicable to the county clerk of the county wherein they may accomplish their registration by mail. In case such persons as, through sickness or absence, may be unable to present themselves personally for registration shall be sojourning in cities of more than 30,000 population, they shall apply to the city clerk of the city wherein they may be sojourning rather than to the clerk of the county. The clerks of counties and cities of more than 30,000 population in which numerous applications from the sick and from non-residents are expected, are authorized to establish such sub-agencies and to employ and deputize such clerical force as may be necessary to accommodate these applications.

The power against which we are arrayed has sought to impose its will upon the world force. To this end it has increased its armament until it has changed the face of war. In the sense in which we have been wont to think of armies there are no armies in this struggle. There are entire nations armed. Thus, the men who remain to till the soil and man the factories are no less a part of the army that is in France than the men beneath the battle flags. It must be so with us. It is not an army that we must shape and train for war, it is a nation. To this end our people must draw close in one compact front against a common foe. But this cannot be if each man pursues a private purpose. All must pursue one purpose.

The nation needs all men; but it needs each man, not in the field that will most please him, but in the endeavor that will best serve the common good. Thus, though a sharpshooter pleases to operate a trip-hammer for the forging of great guns and an expert machinist desires to march with the flag, the nation is being served only when the sharpshooter marches and the machinist remains at his levers. The whole nation must be a team in which each man shall play the part for which he is best fitted. To this end, Congress has provided that the nation shall be organized for war by selection and that each man shall be classified for service in the place to which it shall best serve the general good to call him.

The significance of this cannot be overestimated. It is a new thing in our history and a landmark in our progress. It is a new manner of accepting and vitalizing our duty to give ourselves with thoughtful devotion to the common purpose of us all. It is in no sense a conscription of the unwilling; it is, rather, selection from a nation which has volunteered in mass. It is no more a choosing of those who shall march with the colors than it is a selection of those who shall serve an equally necessary and

(Continued on page 4)

ARE YOU ELIGIBLE FOR ARMY?

REGISTRATION TO BE MADE ON JUNE 5TH.

Story of the Work to be Done to Secure the Registration for the Selective U. S. Army.

Are you a male citizen between the ages of 21 and 30, both inclusive? Is the question facing many families here and throughout the country. If you answer to this description you must register for the selective draft service on June 5.

Sheriff H. J. Hartman went to Harrisburg on Wednesday in obedience to the call of the Governor and with representatives from every part of the State received instructions from Governor Brumbaugh as to their duties on June 5 as outlined by the United States Government.

Orders to Sheriffs.

To all Sheriffs:

By direction of the President of the United States and in compliance with law I hereby call upon you to act as one of the registration boards of your county. You with other citizens or officers to be designated by me at once will be responsible for the registration on June 5, 1917, of all male citizens of your county between the ages of twenty-one and thirty, both inclusive. Cities of 30,000 or more population in your county will not be in your jurisdiction. The mayor and others will have in such cities the same duties that devolve upon you in your county.

You will proceed at once to organize your registration board—acting as chairman thereof, and to select and submit to me the names of registrars for each and every precinct or voting place in your county. You will as far as possible use the present election officers for this duty. There should be one registrar for each eighty persons to be enrolled. You will also arrange to have all these election places open at the proper time and all blanks and other materials necessary to completely fulfill the law in this case, as per instructions sent you directly from Washington.

All registrars should be men well known in their respective precincts and capable of writing legibly. The utmost care must be exercised by you and your colleagues in selecting these registrars.

The national government asks that this service be rendered free as an expression of patriotism and of loyalty to the nation in this crisis of her history. Should you find it impossible to find men of such lofty purpose, wire me for directions as to the necessary subsequent steps to be taken.

That Pennsylvania may set an example of unselfish loyalty and of high minded service to the nation I call upon you now to take up this duty in a manner worthy of the patriotic purpose it will promote. Wire acceptance of this service.

(Signed) M. G. BRUMBAUGH.

County Board.

In Adams county the Board of Registration consists of Sheriff H. J. Hartman, President of the Board of County Commissioners Harry B. Slagle, and County Medical Inspector Dr. J. McCrea Dickson. It will be their duty to appoint registrars in every election district in the county. The registrars are asked to serve without pay. All local registrars must be appointed by May 26, and the local board is hustling to accomplish this matter.

On June 6 a summary of the registration in the county made on June 5 must be telegraphed to the Governor and a complete report made as soon as possible thereafter.

Some of the directions given the Sheriff by Governor Brumbaugh are the following:

Owners of polling places should give their places free of rent. The Governor should be notified by wire where places are not available. The Government will pay all reasonable and proper expenses.

All aliens within the designated ages must be registered and exemptions will come afterward. Interpreters may be used.

Oath to registrars may be administered in the same manner as election officers are sworn.

Where polling places are in school-houses the schools will be closed.

The Governor said he would not sit in a polling place that is located in a saloon. He suggested that other places be used for registration where the election polling place is in a saloon. The Governor has no power to close the saloons on that day.

The Governor will not declare June 5 a holiday because the President in his recent proclamation said that industrial needs prescribe that it be not made a technical holiday.

All the machinery of police departments may be used in any county or municipality.

Questions for All Eligibles.

1. Name and full name?
2. Home address, including street number?
3. Date of birth?
4. Are you a natural born citizen a naturalized citizen, an alien or have you declared your intention?
5. Where were you born?
6. If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?
7. What is your present trade, occupation or office?

8. By whom employed? Where employed?

9. Have you a father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12, solely dependent on you for support, specify which?

10. Married or single and race?

11. Military service you have had, rank, branch, years, nation or State?

12. Do you claim exemption from draft, specify grounds?

On one corner of the card there is printed these words: "If person is of African descent, tear off this corner."

Questions Explained.

The official guide explains the questions as follows:

"Because you claim exemption from draft, it by no means follows that you are exempt. For the information of the War Department, you should make a claim now if you intend to prosecute it. Some persons will be exempted on account of their occupations or offices; some on account of the fact that they have relatives dependent upon them for support.

"Your answer touching these things will be important in supporting the claim you now intend to make in your answer to the present questions. Be sure, therefore, that the grounds you now state are in conformity with you answers to questions 7 and 8.

"In stating grounds you claim as exempting you, use one of the following terms:

"If you claim to be an executive, legislative or judicial officer of the State or nation, name your office and say whether it is an office of the State or nation.

"If you claim to be a member of a religious sect whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form simply name the sect."

"If you are employed in the transmission of the United States mails or as a workman in an armory, arsenal or navy yard of the United States, or if you are a mariner employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, so state.

"If you are a felon or otherwise morally deficient and desire to claim exemption on that ground, state your ground briefly.

"If you claim physical disability, state that briefly.

"If you claim exemption on any other ground, state your ground briefly."

Regarding Cripples.

The registrar, in a short report, which accompanies each registration card, is asked to state: "Has the person lost an arm, leg, hand, foot or both eyes, or is he otherwise disabled (specify):"

It is not intended, however, that the registrar shall pass upon anything but the most obvious physical defects. Persons whose disabilities are so indicated by the registrar will be dropped from the lists, but others who claim exemption on account of physical disability are liable to draft in order that their physical condition may be passed upon by army surgeons. Claims of exemptions upon other than physical grounds will be passed upon by local boards.

In addition to noting persons with marked physical defects, the registrar is asked to state whether the applicant is tall, medium or short, slender, medium or stout, the color of his eyes, the color of his hair and whether he is bald.

One phase of exemption is more particularly considered in question nine, which asks: "Have you a father, mother, wife, child under twelve, or a sister or brother under twelve, solely dependent upon you for support (specify which)."

The guide continues: "Consider your answer thoughtfully. If it is true that there is another mouth than your own which you alone have a duty to feed, do not let your military ardor interfere with the wish of the nation to reduce war's misery to a minimum. On the other hand, unless the person you have in mind is solely dependent on you, do not hide behind petticoats or children."

Naturalization Explained.

The fourth question in regard to naturalization reads:

"Are you (1) a natural-born citizen, (2) a naturalized citizen, (3) an alien or (4) have you declared your intention? (Specify which)."

This question is explained as follows in the guide:

"(1). If you were born in the United States, including Alaska and Hawaii, you are a natural-born citizen, no matter what may have been the citizenship or nationality of your parents. If you were born in Porto Rico you are a citizen of the United States unless you were born of alien parentage. If you were born abroad you are still a citizen of the United States if your father was a citizen of the United States at the time you were born, unless you have expatriated yourself.

"Second. You are a naturalized citizen if you have completed your naturalization; that is, if you have taken 'final papers.' But you are not a citizen if you have only declared your intention to become a citizen (that is, if you have only taken out first papers). In the latter case you are only a 'declarant.' You are also a naturalized citizen if, although foreign born, your father or surviving parent became fully naturalized while you were under twenty-one years of age, and if you came to the United States under twenty-one.

"Third. You are a declarant if, although a citizen or subject of some foreign country, you have declared on oath before a naturalization court (Continued on page 8.)

COURT FILES AN OPINION

IN THE W. W. HAFFER ESTATE AS TO REVIEWING THE 5 ACCOUNTS

New Oxford Citizens Want to Know What Keeping to the Right Means.

The May argument court was held on Monday before President Judge Donald P. McPherson and Associate Judges W. Howard Dicks and E. P. Miller.

Judge McPherson filed an opinion in the matter of the demurrer to the application for review of the five accounts filed in estate of W. W. Hafer, deceased. The estate after payment of all debts and obligations amounted to \$470,809.55. This total was made up of personal and real estate, principal and income. Of this sum \$270,000 was placed in trust for his children and the balance, about \$200,000, constituted the residuary estate for use of widow. It was sought to open the five accounts and review them, to ascertain how much of the total was income. The income had been willed to the widow and it was held to be her absolute estate and it was contended that upon a review there would be about \$20,000 going to the widow as income, which would reduce the principal for her use to that extent. The Trust Companies holding part of the estate demurred to the proceeding, that three of the accounts had been filed more than five years ago, that Mrs. Hafer, one of the executors, filed the accounts, and would be bound by them. The demurrer had been argued at a previous court. The court in its opinion rules that a review of the five accounts could be made without injury to any one and to give such rights as the will provided for. The demurrers were overruled and answers directed to be filed to petition for review within 15 days.

The case of New Oxford Borough vs. John E. C. Miller was an interesting one bringing a number of citizens of New Oxford to court. New Oxford has a borough ordinance requiring those going around the Square to keep to the right. The defendant was charged with the violation of this ordinance before Squire Straley and a fine was placed upon him. He appealed to the court. He was represented by J. D. Keith, Esq., and the Borough by J. L. Williams, Esq.

Mr. Miller conducts a hardware store on the corner of Lincoln Way West and the Centre Square. Going toward the Square on Lincoln Way West, the ordinance would prohibit from turning directly to his corner and send him completely around the Square, an eighth of a mile to get to his place of business. He contended that such construction of the ordinance was unfair and unreasonable. The plaintiff called as witnesses: Clement Lingg, Thos. E. Bowers, Roy Taubman, Paul P. Miller, Geo. S. Hummer, John Hoofnagle, J. W. Barnitz, E. C. Livingston, N. M. Dicks, and A. P. Wagner. The defendant witnesses were E. M. Neely, Dr. G. H. Seaks, Wm. L. Himes, Dr. Wm. R. Snyder, J. E. C. Miller, Sr., and J. E. C. Miller, Jr. The testimony of members of the Council was heard of conditions leading up to passing of ordinance, of the amount of traffic in the place, of the frequent violation of the ordinance and quite a number of citizens expressed the opinion that the public would not be endangered or inconvenienced if Mr. Miller was allowed to turn to the left 30 feet to his store and not compelled to go around the Square. At the close of the testimony on Tuesday argument of the case was continued until June 18.

The argument of the testimony in case of W. M. R. vs. A. A. Gruver fixed for May 21, was continued to June 18.

In divorce proceedings of Cora Lee Redding vs. Harry W. Redding, the rule to show cause why libellant should not have alimony and counsel fees was briefly heard and court reserved decision.

The report of John Reed Scott, auditor making distribution in hands of I. S. Brumgard, Secretary of the Littlestown Milling Co., was confirmed. The Company had no debts and the assets were converted into cash and the stockholders will receive a dividend of \$26.75 on share of par value of \$50.

Irene Matthews vs. John A. Matthews, divorce was granted upon report of commissioner taking evidence.

J. L. Williams, Esq., was discharged as committee of Hannah C. Dear-dorff, insane.

S. McC. Swope, Esq., was appointed auditor to dispose of executors and make distribution of assigned estate of Garfield C. Jacobs.

J. L. Williams, Esq., was appointed auditor to dispose of executors and make distribution of the assigned estate of John F. Shindedecker.

Twenty-six accounts of executors and administrators were presented to the court for confirmation, making the largest list of estates in which final settlements were made at one time that has come before the court for several years. They were as follows:

Final account in estate of Dr. Agideous Noel late of Mt. Pleasant township, with a net balance of \$22,000 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Lucy A. Fritz, late of Highland township,

(Continued from page 5).

Excursions Booked.

The Reading Railway Company has booked a number of excursions for the summer:

Sunday, May 27, from Philadelphia, Pottstown and intermediate stations.

Wednesday, May 30, from Allentown, Harrisburg and intermediate stations.

Sunday, July 1, from Allentown, Harrisburg and intermediate stations.

Sunday, July 1, from Philadelphia, Pottstown and intermediate stations.

Sunday, August 12, from Philadelphia, Lebanon and intermediate stations.

Sunday, September 16, from Philadelphia, Lebanon and intermediate stations.

Excursionists will have no extra trouble or expense in seeing the battlefield. There seems to be some misapprehension on that score by reason of guides being licensed. The guides are licensed for the protection of the traveler. All guides have passed examinations and are qualified to explain the battlefield. They have been receiving instructions so as to help them in that work. The battlefield is free to all who wish to see it on foot or in their own conveyances but when guides are desired the licensed guides are those to be used for the protection of the travelers and public. If their services are not satisfactory, complaints can be filed with the National Park Commission and thus both the individual and the public may be protected. Employment of those without license means to be beyond the protection that has been provided.

Summer in the Real Country.

Pitch your tent or bungalow in the green wood on bank of living stream. Swimming, boating, fishing. Plant your garden near-by and raise your own vegetables.

Rent for the season for camp site, 50 x 200, and an acre garden land, \$50. Location fifty miles from Baltimore; two trains daily through Hanover; 15 miles from York and 15 miles from Gettysburg.

Lafayette Park for excursions convenient to railroad and village.

JOHN R. KUHN,
East Berlin, Pa.

REPORT

Of the condition of the Gettysburg National Bank, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business May 1, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	766,148.99
Overdrafts, unsecured	627.53
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	145,000.00
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same	389,158.64
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	10,756.25
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank \$15,400.00 Less amount unpaid	7,700.00
Banking house \$46,500, furniture and fixtures \$8,500	55,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	6,154.34
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	43,042.89
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)	8,165.39
Outside checks and other cash items \$1,656.08; fractional currency nickels and cents \$250.63	1,906.71
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	2,183.69
Notes of other national banks	2,485.00
Federal reserve notes	230.00
Lawful money reserve in bank and with Federal Reserve Banks	63,390.92
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	7,250.00
Total	\$1,509,200.35

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$145,150.00
Surplus fund	110,000.00
Undivided profits \$59,645.02 Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid \$21,279.68	38,365.34
Circulating notes	145,000.00
Net amount due to banks and bankers	1,361.65
Dividends unpaid	28.50
Demand deposits:	
Individual deposits subject to check	198,478.69
Cashier's checks outstanding	7,209.39
Certified checks	5.00
Time Deposits:	
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice	863,401.78
Total	\$1,509,200.35

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, E. M. Bender, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. BENDER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of May, 1917.

WM. L. MEALS, N. P.
Commission expires March 25, 1921.
Correct attest:

WM. McSHERRY
WALTER H. O'NEAL
H. C. PICKING
Directors

DR. FAHRNEY,
HAGERSTOWN, MD.

Chronic Diseases Only.

(Anemia, Appendicitis, Arteriosclerosis, (Hardening of Arteries), Asthma, Indigestion, Bladder Disorder, Blood Disorder, Catarrh, Constipation, Consumption, Diabetes, Dropsy, Eczema, Gallstones, Gout, Hay Fever, Heart Disease, Indigestion, Nervousness, Neuritis, Rheumatism, Skin Disorders, Scabies, Stomach Trouble, Tuberculosis, Consultation Free.)

REPORT.

Of the condition of the First National Bank of Gettysburg at Gettysburg, Pa., in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business May 1, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	995,295.78
Overdrafts secured	492.53
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation (par value)	100,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc., on hand (other than stocks) owned unpledged	161,654.49
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	17,400.00
Less amount unpaid	8,700.00
Total	8,700.00
Banking house	73,175.00
Furniture and fixtures	7,825.00
Total	81,000.00
Other real estate owned	16,619.10
Due from approved Reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	4,731.68
Due from approved Reserve agents in other cities	17,339.72
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)	8,394.43
Outside checks and other cash items \$1,021.11 Fractional currency nickels and cents \$ 820.14	1,841.25
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	2,291.16
Notes of other national banks	4,815.00
Lawful money reserve in bank and with Federal Reserve Bank	74,182.90
Federal Reserve Notes	145.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	5,000.00
Total	\$1,482,503.04

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$150,000.00
Surplus fund	140,000.00
Undivided profits \$57,024.01 Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid \$19,787.68	37,236.33
Circulating notes	99,720.00
Due to banks and bankers	1,444.94
Individual deposits subject to check	225,283.75
Cashier's checks outstanding	4,111.57
Bills payable other than with Federal Reserve Bank	10,000.00
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice	814,706.45
Total	\$1,482,503.04

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:
I, J. Elmer Musselman, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. ELMER MUSSELMAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of May, 1917.
JOHN W. HEWITT, N. P.
Correct attest:
C. H. MUSSELMAN
W. S. ADAMS
J. D. BROWN
Directors.

NOTICE.

GETTYSBURG GAS CO.
Call and notice of meeting of bond holders.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of all first mortgage 4 per cent bonds of the Gettysburg Gas Co., a corporation organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and doing business in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., secured under the terms of a certain mortgage given by said Gettysburg Gas Company unto Henry C. Picking, of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., as trustee, under date of February 6, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Adams Co., Pa., in Mortgage Book "P" at page 596, that pursuant to provisions contained in said mortgage, a meeting of the said bond holders is hereby called for the purpose of electing and appointing a successor trustee under said mortgage to fill the vacancy in said trusteeship caused by the resignation of Henry C. Picking, the trustee named in said mortgage, the said meeting of bond holders will be held at the offices of John D. Keith, Esq., in the First National Bank Building, Borough of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., on the 25th day of July, 1917, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

WM. D. HIMES,
President of Gettysburg Gas Co.
Dated May 14, 1917.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Leo A. Snecinger, late of Conowingo township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. McSHERRY,
Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Susan E. Allewelt, late of the Township of Berwick, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them in legal form to

CITIZENS' TRUST CO.,
Administrator,
Gettysburg, Pa.

WANTED—A middle aged man and wife without children to live with three ladies. The wife to do the cooking and assist in house work. The man to care for the garden, lawn, etc. Combined wages \$50.00 per month and keep. Only sober and industrious persons of good character need apply. Address,
P. O. BOX C.

REGISTER'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on Monday, May 21st, 1917, at 10:30 a. m. of said day.

96. The second and final account of Wellington Swope and I. A. Noel, executors of the last will and testament of Dr. Agideous Noel, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

97. The first and final account of Harry B. Fritz and Richard J. Hanky, administrators of the estate of Lucy A. Fritz, late of Highland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

98. First and partial account of Albert D. Weikert, administrator of the estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

99. First and final account of Wm. Hersh and John D. Keith, trustees for the sale of the real estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

100. First and final account of Elmer A. Asper and J. Robert Sadler, administrators of the estate of John R. Sadler, late of York Springs borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

101. First and final account of Bert Stambaugh, administrator of the estate of John A. Trostle, late of East Berlin borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

102. First and final account of Charles E. Hummer, Maurice G. Colestock and Wm. Gilbert, executors of the will of Jacob S. Taughinbaugh late of New Oxford borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

103. The first and final account of Leander H. Warren, administrator of the estate of Robert Crawford Warren, late of Gettysburg borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

104. The first and final account of Harry L. Slaybaugh and George Franklin Slaybaugh, executors of the will of Rebecca Slaybaugh late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

105. The second and final account of Thad S. Warren, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of the estate of Thos. A. Warren, late of the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

106. The first and final account of Isaiah Harner, administrator of the estate of Sallie Lawyer, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

107. The first and final account of John M. Rider and Wm. A. Rider, executors of the will of James Rider, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

108. The first and final account of O. F. Asper, administrator of the estate of Mary Ann Asper, late of Latimore township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

109. The first and final account of Jacob Musselman, administrator of the estate of Andrew Heintzelman, late of Highland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

110. The first and final account of Samuel J. Small, executor of the will of Annie M. Small, late of McSherrytown borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

111. The first and final account of Clara J. Tawney, administratrix of the estate of N. A. Tawney, late of the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

112. The first and final account of Michael K. Bushey, administrator of the estate of Sarah A. Bushey, late of East Berlin borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

113. The first and final account of Fred C. Riley and Elizabeth Redding, executors of the will of David A. Riley, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

114. The first and final account of Edward Menchey, late of Gettysburg borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

115. The first and final account of John H. Stock, executor of the will of Henry Stock, late of the borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

116. The first and final account of Edward F. Menchey and John A. Menchey, executors of the will of Mary Menchey, late of the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

117. The first and final account of Harry E. Bowers, executor of the will of David H. Bowers, late of the borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

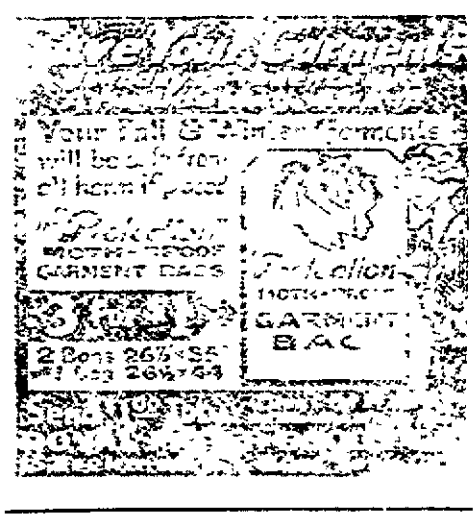
118. The first and final account of Samuel C. Lott, administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Alexander M. Walker, late of the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

119. The first and final account of C. J. Weaver, executor of the will of Ephraim Howard, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

120. The first and final account of Jacob T. Sherman, executor of the estate of George K. Sherman, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

121. The first and final account of Roy Sterner, administrator of the estate of Jacob L. Sterner, late of Union township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

C. W. GARDNER, Register.



Clean White Rags wanted at this office. 5cts. per pound.

Early : Spring : Bulletin :

BICYCLES

Bicycles are becoming more and more popular because they are so useful. We have them from \$25.00 up. You can save this price in a few weeks on your board bill if you are working away from home.

ATHLETIC GOODS

We have a full line of Spalding's Baseball and Tennis goods. Buy now while the line is complete as there is bound to be a shortage later in the season, especially in Tennis goods.

PYREX GLASS BAKING WARE

The popular and widely advertised glass baking ware. Fully guaranteed not to break in the oven or from the heat. We have just received a factory shipment and can supply you with most anything in the catalogue.

DECORATED DINNERWARE

Despite the scarcity of goods we have a big lot of decorated plates, cups and saucers, bowls, jugs, etc. in white and gold and pink decorations.

For the Newly-weds, or those going to housekeeping for the first time we have everything needful in kitchen utensils and hardware, china and porcelain dinner ware in sets or open stock, tubs, washboards, irons, etc. for the laundry.

And remember we give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps with all purchases and the premiums help to furnish the home. A beautiful premium absolutely free with every book full of stamps.

: Gettysburg : Department : Store

If You Need Rugs Within the Next Year==Buy Them Now!

THIS is sound advice, which may be wisely followed by all home furnishers. The present shortage of carpet wool, of jute, of linen, and the higher costs of labor, fuel, power and other items, are forcing manufacturers to increase prices of future shipments. If you need Rugs at once, or next summer or autumn—buy them NOW at present prices. For the information of our customers it is almost unnecessary to say that, irrespective of market conditions, we shall still adhere to the same standards. Our prices always shall be based on actual costs to us—and we shall take advantage of every merchandising opportunity which might be converted to your advantage. Despite unprecedented market conditions our selling of Rugs last month exceeded all previous records for January and February sales. The following Rugs here named we have fair stocks of.

Wool Fiber Rugs	Tapestry	Axminster	Body Brussels
36x72 in.	Small Sizes	9x12	9x12
6x9 ft.	8-3x10-2		
8-3x10-6	9x12		
9x12			

Oil Cloth, Linola and Linoleums. The above remarks hold good in this line as some of the largest manufacturers have withdrawn their lines and the trend of advance and scarcity is sure to be felt this year. We have a fair assortment here at no exorbitant prices

Window Shades. These are higher than last season, but we feel confident we can give you prices that will save you money from prices later on when our present stock is sold

ALL BLINDS CUT TO FIT WINDOWS FREE OF CHARGE

Dougherty & Hartley

The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind we carry always in stock. It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind, and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler

2 Baltimore Street



Beautiful Bust and Shoulders are possible if you will wear a scientifically constructed Bien Jolie Brassiere.

The dragging weight of an unconfined bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled.

put the bust back where it belongs, prevent the full bust from having the appearance of sagging, eliminate the danger of dragging muscles and confine the flesh of the shoulder giving a graceful line to the entire upper body.

They are the daintiest and most serviceable garments imaginable—come in all materials and styles: Cross Back, Hook Front, Surplice, Bandeau, etc. Boned with "Waikiki" the rustless boning—permitting washing without removal.

Have your dealer show you Bien Jolie Brassieres. If not stocked, we will gladly send him, prepaid, samples to show you. BENJAMIN & JOHNS, 51 Warren Street, Newark, N. J.



As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation. **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** correct CONSTIPATION.

Caution: Beware of cheap imitations. Genuine bears signature. *Benjamin & Johns*

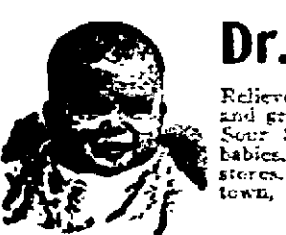
Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of liver in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Liver Pills.



A Skin Like Velvet smooth, clear, free of wrinkles.

Use the exquisitely fragrant cream of the beauty flower of India and be complimented on your complexion. Your dealer has Elcaya or will get it.

CRÈME ELCAYA



Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup

Relieves the pains and cures the ailments that make babies cry and fret and grow sick and weak: checks Diarrhoea; prevents Convulsions; cures Sour Stomach, Colic, Cramps and all Stomach and Bowel Ailments of babies. Safest, purest and best medicine for babies. 25 cents at drug stores. Trial bottle FREE by mail of Drs. D. Fahrney & Son, Hagerstown, Md. If you mention this paper.

KEEPS BABY FROM CRYING.

Whatever you do, don't get BALD!

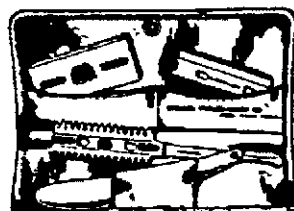
Prevent dandruff and falling hair by using the great French preparation

ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC

This original Eau de Quinine is the one effective tonic for itching scalp, sick hair and dandruff. Used by men and women of refinement the world over for 100 years. Don't risk the use of unknown or inferior tonics. ED. PINAUD'S is pure, delightfully perfumed and the one for you. Ask your druggist. Send 10c. to our American Offices for a testing bottle.

Parfumerie ED. PINAUD, Dept. M ED. PINAUD BLDG., New York

Get it from your dealer or from us.



Every reader of this paper may secure **\$5.00** **DURHAM DUPLEX** **DOMINORAZOR** **FOR \$1.00**

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by feeding some Good Food and Regulator. Our guaranteed brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

Peoples Drug Store

YOU NEVER CAN TELL. by F.R. Paul

LIVING IN THE COUNTRY MAY HAVE IT'S DIS-ADVANTAGES, BUT YOU GET FRESH FOOD!



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P.S.I.

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING And How to Reduce It.

Buy a 35 foot lot of ground, big enough for a double house, 180 feet in depth—on the installment plan—\$1.00 per week

Then raise high priced potatoes, onions, cabbage, and other vegetables at half the present selling price.

The saving as compared with present high priced vegetables ought to go a great way towards paying for the lot of ground.

Lots are located on East Middle, Hanover, York, Railroad, Water, Fourth and Fifth streets.

For further particulars call on or address

MARTIN WINTER

Gettysburg - - - - - Pennsylvania

NEW LEGAL BLANKS

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

Compiler Print Shop

On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

Call and get a supply at

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How the World May End.
Sometimes it has been suggested that the world will gradually become cold, so that life will be frozen out. M. Laboulaye, a French novelist, however, thinks it possible that the earth may end in an incandescent blaze.

The earth's crust, he says, is very thin at the bottom of the sea, and should it give way in consequence of volcanic action the earth might be consumed in flames.

"Suppose," he states, "that, following an extraordinary twisting movement, due to retreat of the central mass, a large mass of the sea bottom should give way, and, falling suddenly, should let in the mass of the ocean's waters upon the incandescent interior matter. The water would be decomposed by the heat, the hydrogen would burn, and it would burn more as it had access to more oxygen.

"The conflagration would then gain in force, accompanied by electric phenomena, and the greater part of the earth's crust would probably be displaced. The earth passing through a critical epoch and returning for the time being to its formative period would again be nothing but a globe of fire."

What Corns Are.
Corns are hard growths which occur on the toe or some other part of the feet. They are generally the result of wearing a shoe too small for the foot, says the Popular Science Monthly. They are thickenings of the outer layer of the skin in the center of which is a nail-like peg which projects downward and hurts when pressed upon. Soft corns form between the toes and are only different from others in that they are soaked with perspiration all the time. The corn itself is composed of a lump of the outer part of the skin which is caused by the pressure of the shoe at that spot. However, the corn would not result unless the pressure were taken off at intervals, and this, of course, is done when you take the shoe off. It stands to reason that if the pressure were continuously applied to this spot the skin instead of overgrowing at that precise point would waste away. The overgrowth of the skin is due to the irritation produced by the pressure.

Persistence of Custom.
It is a present day custom for the members of the English parliament to bow three times before taking their seats. An American, mystified by this strange custom, inquired the reason for it. He was astonished to find the Englishmen could not tell him. No one seemed to know, not even the men who did the bowing, but after much research the mystery was cleared away. The buildings of parliament had once burned, and the members were quartered for a period in St. Stephen's chapel. Having the altar of the church before them, they made the customary bows to Father, Son and Holy Ghost. When they moved into their present abode they did not take the altar with them, but they kept on bowing nevertheless.—Case and Comment.

Profit by These.
Do not be content with following good advice; catch up with it. Keep an eye on the job ahead, but keep the other eye and both hands on the job you have.

There is plenty of room at the top, because those who get there are the few who started early to avoid the rush.

The man who goes halfway to meet Fortune is more likely to find her than the man who waits for her to knock at his door.

The men who succeed best when they work for others are those who see that in doing so they are also working for themselves.

Plain of Damascus.
The fertile plain in which Damascus is situated is about thirty miles in diameter and is due to the river Barada, which is probably the Abana of Scripture. Two other streams, the Wady Helban on the north and the Awaj on the south, increase this fertility, and these two contend for the honor of representing the Pharpar, the other scriptural stream.

Flowers Without Petals.
Many showy flowers have no petals, but their places are taken by the sepals, as in the case of the lily and the tulip. Some flowers, so called, have neither that, are showy, but the bright colored parts are merely floral bracts. Tongainvillaea, poinsettias and dogwoods are examples, also the milk white spathe of the calla.

Inconsistent.
"Oh, George," exclaimed the young wife, "it was nearly midnight before you got home last night!"
"Well, well!" exclaimed the husband, "you women are so inconsistent! Before we were married you didn't care how late I got home."

The Worm Turned.
Her Dad—No, sir; I won't have my daughter tied for life to a stupid fool. Her Suitor—Then don't you think you had better let me take her off your hands?

Her Dear Friend.
"Jack is blindly in love with you."
"How do you know?"
"He told me he didn't think you looked a day over twenty-nine."

The Anemone.
Anemone means "wind flower" and is so called because it is so delicately poised that it sways with the slightest motion of the air.

Take thought for the roots of life, and you will not need to worry about the flowers and fruit.

He Won The Bet

But He Took a Big Risk.

By ETHEL HOLMES

Half a dozen youngsters made up a bunch of boys whose principal object was to do something odd. No sooner did one of them suggest anything out of the ordinary than one or more of the others offered to bet him that he wouldn't do it, and it must be confessed that the bet was usually taken.

Jim Wardlaw was the most venturesome of these young men, and it was not safe to propose any breakneck adventure and offer him good odds that he dared not perform it, for the more risky it was the surer he was to go into it.

"It's singular," said Jim Wardlaw to several friends sitting around a table at their club, "what a love of danger there is in man. A war breaks out, and it seems as if every young fellow is wild to get himself killed. Who would suppose that men could be found to go up in the air in flying machines to fight other men in other flying machines?"

"I suppose," remarked one of the party, "that this same love of danger is what tempts men in a different sphere of life to break into other men's houses."

"I don't see any great danger in that," said Wardlaw. "The burglar is armed, and the other fellow is not."

Then followed an animated discussion as to the risks attending house-breaking, at the end of which Billy Nevins, a wealthy young bachelor, bet Wardlaw \$100 that he would enter a dwelling house and carry away some article to prove that he had actually committed a burglary. Wardlaw was to name the house, but Nevins was to accept or reject the nomination as he saw fit. The burglar was to carry with him such tools as would enable him to effect an entrance.

The mere fact that a love for danger is inherent in man was proved by this absurd bet. They put the matter in writing, and every man would be ready to testify that it was not a bona fide robbery, but a gentlemen's agreement.

On the night appointed for the burglary the party met at Nevins' room and found him appropriately dressed for the proposed work. That is to say, he had tried to dress himself appropriately. He had on a suit of his cast off clothes on which he had rubbed ashes and soot from his fireplace and an old felt hat in which he had punched some holes. But it cannot be said with truth that he made a typical burglar. By inheritance he was a gentleman, and this fact stood out despite his disguise.

His burglarious appearance having been approved by the party, he and Wardlaw took the latter's motorcar and went to the scene of the proposed depredation, or, rather, to a corner near the house. Nevins got out, and Wardlaw rejoined the party who had remained in Nevins' room.

The house to be burglarized stood apart from other houses, giving the burglar access to several points of entrance. Nevins chose to remove a pane of glass, since he believed he could do so making only a minimum noise. He succeeded in making the removal and putting in his arm, unlocked the window, raised it stealthily and passed through it into the kitchen.

So far so good. It was to be supposed that the dining room was near the kitchen, and if he could reach the former doubtless he could take away with him to prove that he had won the bet. For it had been agreed that he must secure some article of silver or value to be found in the kitchen.

Billy dashed an electric lamp he had with him and thereby made his way into the dining room. By the same light he found a sideboard. Opening a drawer, he came upon a few silver forks and spoons that had not been put away for the night. He selected a fork, and the moment he put his hand on it a thrill of pleasure shot through him at what he considered a sure prospect of success, away with it and winning his bet.

But suddenly another thrill of a different kind shot through him. The room in which he stood was instantaneously illuminated. He stood, not knowing what was to happen next, but fearing to be dropped by a bullet. Not a sound broke the stillness. There was something terrible in the uncertainty, and the uncertainty was of long duration. Billy neither saw nor heard any one for more than a minute by the watch. But he did not need a watch, for the thumping of his heart sufficed.

What was taking place in the but ten in the hall where the electric lights had been turned on? The door of the dining room by which Billy had entered stood ajar, and through the opening between the hinges a girl stood peering at the burglar. Careful as he had been he had made sufficient sound for her to hear since she was lying awake. She got out of bed, thrust her feet into a pair of slippers, put on a wrapper and stole downstairs. Hearing something stirring in the dining room, she went to the door and, perceiving that she could look into the room through the crack, took the pre-

caution to determine whether or no any one was in the room. Had she suspected a burglar instead of the cat she would not have dared even to do this nor to switch on the lights.

The burglar stood facing her, and she had a good look at his face illuminated by four electric lights that hung over the dinner table.

The girl was as much surprised on seeing Billy as he was at being illuminated. Her first setback was at seeing a man instead of a cat, but it was immediately followed by seeing a face that she had seen once before and belonging to a man who had made an impression on her.

One evening a gentleman had been introduced to her at a ball. He had danced with her, and the memory of that dance had haunted her ever since. Her partner seemed to float on air instead of moving himself on a pair of legs. Besides, there was something about his personality that especially appealed to her. His features were cameo, his lips were exquisitely carved, his eyes were large and especially fitted for looking love.

And yet the features of this burglar, standing out clear in the voluminous light, were the same as those of the man who had floated her in voluptuous circles to entrancing music. Was he the same? She could not believe that he was, and yet there could not be two men in the world so near alike. Of one thing she was sure. The burglar was a gentleman. And as a gentleman how could he be a burglar?

While these things were passing through the girl's brain Billy was in an agony of suspense. She was not as long about it as has been required to tell it, but she was some time. All fear deserted her. She pushed open the door and stepped into the room. She said nothing for awhile, waiting to see if she would be recognized. If so, that would be proof that she had not been mistaken in the burglar's identity.

If Billy recognized her he showed no sign of recognition. As soon as he could recover his equanimity, he said: "I am at your mercy. Speak the word, and I go to prison for a long term of years. I prefer that you would put a bullet into my heart."

If there had been any doubt in the girl's mind that the burglar was the man who had given her that entrancing dance, Billy's organ toned voice would have convinced her. "You are not a burglar," she said. "Anyway, you are a gentleman."

"A gentleman?"

"Yes; you may be a gentleman who has gone to the bad, one of those men we sometimes read about in the papers as living a double life, but you were born and reared a gentleman all the same, and you can't hide your breeding in the disguise of a burglar."

Billy considered what course it would be best to take. Since he was not to pass for a housebreaker, perhaps it would be better for him to tell the true story. He did so, and the girl stood listening to it till he had finished. Then she said:

"All this is very plausible, but not convincing. It is just such a story as a man brought up as you have been and fallen into sin would invent to fool one catching him in the act. At any rate, I prefer that you shall tell it in court. I shall awaken my father, and he will call the police."

This was one of the dangers to be anticipated in this lark. Billy had considered being brought up for trial and the situation it would create among his friends and acquaintances, but he had supposed a confession that he was acting on a wager would forestall such an event. He had made his confession, and it was scouted. The situation was not pleasant to contemplate.

"I cannot believe," he said, "that a lady of delicacy, of that unreasoning sympathy born in woman, can bring upon me an exposure so unnecessary."

"A woman is capable of doing a duty as well as a man."

"I can prove my case if you will give me an opportunity. I will send to you tomorrow the man with whom I made the bet."

"A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

Evidently the girl did not propose to trust him. He was despairing of moving her when she surprised him by saying:

"You do not seem to remember me."

Billy scrutinized her.

There was a sound upstairs. "Go," she said, "and take the fork you have in your hand to prove that you have won the bet."

Footsteps were heard in the hall above. The girl switched off the lights. Billy made his way out by the same route he had come in. He soon found himself in the street making his way to his room, a wild gratitude and relief in his heart. Though it was near dawn, he found his pale, showed his trophy and was paid the wager.

The next afternoon an envelope and a small box were left at the door of the house that had been robbed, both addressed to Miss Blank. The envelope contained a hundred dollar bill, which was pinned a bit of paper with the words, "For my charity you may select." The box contained a silver fork.

Later when Billy Nevins met Miss Edith Blank, a girl a few years older than he, she confessed that she had known him when she saw him in her father's house in the small hours of the morning. Billy gave her another entrancing dance and another air another. Had she been older she would have considered him a fool for taking so frightful a risk as robbing a house on a bet. As it was it appealed to her youthful appreciation of recklessness. Whether it was Billy's talent as a dancer or a burglar, at any rate he won her and settled down. He now wonders how he could have put his head in a noose for a lark.

In a French War Hospital. Serving a community of fifty a three course meal—soup, meat and vegetables and dessert—is a man size proposition, says Elizabeth Frazer in the Saturday Evening Post. Serving it on tea tables, often cutting up the food and feeding the armless patients, further complicates the task. The first day I completely lost my head. My clamorous young brood, nine of whom were under twenty-two, reminded me of nothing so much as a nestful of yawning baby robins waiting to be fed.

It was: "Look out for my leg, mees!" "More bread, mees!" "My serviette, mees!" "Have you forgotten me, mees?" "My soup's tipped into my bed! I'm afraid, mees!" And all in a rapid bubble of French that made my head spin. At last in sheer desperation I addressed them in the American language: "You darned kids—shut up!"

The Little Oyster Crab.

The captain of a foreign ship, in port at Baltimore, at an entertainment given by friends was delighted with the oysters which were on the menu. Just before the ship sailed these friends sent to it several barrels of these oysters as a present to the captain. When he made the trip back to this country his friends asked him how he liked the oysters. He said: "Don't you know, we had to throw nearly all of them overboard. They were no good. Practically every one of them had a live insect on the inside, and, knowing they were not fit to eat, we let the whole lot go to Dary Jones." Investigation showed that the insect was the little oyster crab, which is a great delicacy, preferred by many to the oysters themselves, and which the epicure knows as a sure guarantee of the quality of the bivalve. It was a good joke on those sending and the one receiving the present, at which neither side laughed very much.—Christian Herald.

Living Icicles.

A problem of the zoologist is the endurance of freezing by many animals. Collecting the records, Mlle. France and Paul Portier, entomologists, of Paris find that fish have survived 5 degrees F., frogs 8 degrees below, mollusks 184 degrees below and bacteria have come out alive after exposure to 300 degrees below zero. The two French experimenters froze certain caterpillars—Cossus cossus—at a temperature just above zero. They became quite solid and brittle and could be broken like icicles. On warming, however, even broken ones returned to life. Several freezings and thawings were endured, but recovery became slower each time and ceased after the sixth thawing. Other genera showed like results. There seemed to be some physiological preparation for the cold, for caterpillars that survived the winter freezing all succumbed to similar temperatures in the spring.

The Magnetic Needle.

There are two places on the earth's surface where the magnetic needle must point due south. They are not easy places to reach. One is in the arctic regions north of the northern magnetic pole on the line between that pole and the geographical north pole. The other is in the antarctic regions, south of the southern magnetic pole, on the line between that spot and the geographical south pole. In the first case the point of the needle is attracted to the northern magnetic pole. In the second case the other end of the needle is attracted to the southern magnetic pole.

Wanted a Studious Air.

A certain widely known character of the Kialto appeared on Broadway the other day bearing a huge pair of tortoise shell glasses athwart his nose. "Didn't know you wore glasses," a friend told him in surprise. "I never have," he answered, "but I think they give me a studious air." "But don't they impair your sight?" persisted the other. "Oh, no," was the response. "I can see as well as ever when I look over the rims."—Exchange.

Firmly Anchored.

'Tis easier to drag a rock from the bottom of the sea than the sentiments of right from the hearts of the people. —Daniel Webster

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL.

Health is Worth Saving, and Some Gettysburg People Know How to Save It.

Many Gettysburg people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help. Weak kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health—the slightest delay is dangerous. Use Doan's Kidney Pills—a remedy that has helped thousands of kidney sufferers. Here is a Gettysburg woman's recommendation:

Mrs. H. H. Ridinger, 245 W. Middle St., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are not a new remedy in our family. We have used them for years for kidney disorders and pains in the back and they have always brought relief in a short time. I got Doan's at the People's Drug Store when I was suffering from backache, chills and dizzy spells. They soon drove away the trouble."

Over two years later, Mrs. Ridinger said: "I can still say as I did two years ago when I gave a statement recommending Doan's Kidney Pills, that they are the finest kidney medicine in the world."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Ridinger has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Public Makes the Market. The public makes the stock market. The impression that a few operators can advance or lower prices as they please is a sadly mistaken one. If this could be done by a dozen men, or by a hundred, or a thousand, there would be no need of a stock market, for these gentlemen could combine and enrich themselves beyond the dreams of avarice.

Not the stock market is made by the public. When the public is scared and refuses to buy the market languishes, business halts, and uncertainty prevails. When the public is badly scared it becomes panic stricken and unloads by wholesale, and all must take their losses, big and little operators alike.

I do not mean to say that large operators are not able to influence the market to a certain degree and under favorable conditions, but they cannot do this to the extent that most persons imagine. They make their money by operating skillfully on the side that they think will win, whether the bull or the bear side.—Jasper in Leslie's.

Menace of City Sportsmen.

"The quail, or bobwhite," says a writer in Farm and Fireside, "is one of our prettiest as well as one of our most useful birds. He deserves to be called a national bird just as much as the American eagle. Why should the farmers and land owners allow his destruction and what seems to be his eventual extermination?"

"Hunting is a pleasure and recreation a farmer could have right at home on his own farm if he could save the game from the city sportsman. Why could not the farmer, when he has permitted the quail to multiply and to become a benefit and a blessing to the community, have the much needed recreation in shooting the surplus game? I think the farmers could be so organized that they could control the wandering and the wantonness of the city sportsman and preserve bobwhite and other game."

Big Naval Guns.

Firing a big gun on one of our battleships is a costly proposition.

A fourteen inch shell weighs 1,400 pounds and costs \$700.

A twelve inch shell, already considered one of our "smaller" shots, costs \$600.

Fourteen inch guns throw projectiles fourteen or sixteen miles. They will pierce an eleven inch Krupp steel plate at seven miles.

Twelve inch guns will shoot just as far, but will pierce the eleven inch plate only at five miles.

When big guns are fired every man on the battleship has to stuff his ears with cotton and touch the deck with his toes and finger tips, keeping his mouth open. This is to prevent broken bones and lost teeth.

Bone Fragility.

That fragility of the bones is a dominant characteristic in some families and is handed down through the generations according to the regular Mendelian laws of descent is the conclusion reached by Davenport and Conrad, American eugenicists. They find it rare that a fragile child has not had parents and other ancestors with the same weakness. A striking example of this fragility is a child that had both thigh bones broken soon after birth, and at thirty-four months had had not less than a dozen fractures of important bones, although the bones showed no deformity or softness.

Dogs in the Bible.

The dog is an animal frequently mentioned in the Bible. An English traveler mentions that he saw on the very site of Jezreel the descendants of the very dogs that devoured Jezebel, prowling on the mounds without the walls for offal and carrion thrown out to them to consume.

Making It Personal.

"Did you ever long for death?" asked the soulful, dyspeptic young man of the prettiest young woman. It was the fourth time he had made on her (the girl) and she was sleepy. "Where can I do you mean?" she asked in a drowsy, questioning tone.

Not Much.

How can I drink with a man full of wit? But if you get arrested for drunkenness the judge isn't inclined to accept as an excuse your statement that you have been reading.—Exchange.

Continental Currency.

Continental currency notes were in July, 1789, worth 2 cents on the dollar, and it took a "wagon load of provisions" to buy a wagon load of provisions.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Indigestion.

For chronic indigestion caused by too great acidity of the stomach juices, bicarbonate of soda is the usual treatment, but Dr. Louis T. M. de Sola of Philadelphia quotes approvingly in the New York Journal of the following remedy: "Hagen's acid neutral procedure. This is to administer artificial (artificial) water, the effects of which, he says, seem to be more pronounced as well as more lasting."

Dr. Hagen's artificial Carlsbad water is made thus: Sulphate of soda, 44 parts; bicarbonate of soda, 56 parts; chloride of soda, 18 parts; sulphate of potash, 2 parts. Of these salts one tea-spoonful is given in a half pint of water at between 90 and 120 degrees F one hour before breakfast.

fast.

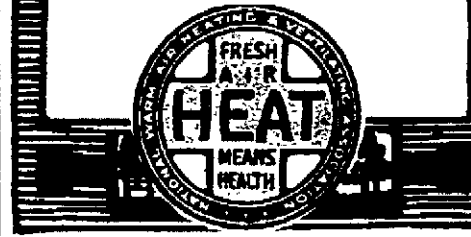
FREE OF CHARGE. We have started our machinery to granulate corn into chick feed for the farmers "free of charge" while they wait. We will keep on hand ready prepared chick feed at \$300 per hundred lbs. We keep all of Pratt's and Conkey's poultry remedies on hand, 50 cent boxes at 25 cts., 25 cent boxes at 15 cts. In fact only half the price you pay other dealers. Now don't pay two prices to agents running over the country for these remedies. We have a few mills on hand for sale, either hand or machine power. No goods delivered. S. S. W. HAMMERS.



WHAT I particularly want to do is: explain to you fully just why the Kelsey Health Heat is the healthy health heat.

Then I want to tell you something about the coal it saves, and exactly why it saves it. The Kelsey will give the most heat from the least coal. I can prove it. Come and get the proofs. Send for booklet, "Some Saving Sense on Heating."

T. J. Winebrenner
257 Balto. St., Gettysburg



RED CLOVERINE PILLS

Positively Relieves; Constipation Indigestion and Headaches

One Package Proves It. 10 and 25c For Sale at PEOPLES DRUG STORE Gettysburg, Pa.

You Can Make Money

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build your own business. You take no risk, make sure profit right along. Send name, address, one reference. L. BROWN, 66 Murray St. New York City.

Animals and Rhythm. Animals have no sense of rhythm, though they may be taught to "dance." This is the announcement of Dr. Craig of the University of Maine. "Horses driven in Spain," he says in the Guide to Nature, "make no attempt to step together. Two birds, however sweetly they sing solo, never sing in time with one another nor with any other music. Even the so called dancing animals of the circus get their rhythm from the trainer, not from the tune."

A Telescope His Tomb. After Keeler had become head of the Lick observatory and died there and his ashes were brought back to Allegheny for burial it was his friend Brashear who sealed them up in their last resting place, a hollow in the supporting pillar of the thirty inch reflector, which is Keeler's memorial.

Earthquakes. Earthquakes are subterranean disturbances propagated through the earth in a series of elastic waves. How they originate is not clearly known. Many are associated with volcanic action, while just as many occur without any evidence of such association.

Paradoxical Crime.

"There's a queer case in court this morning." "What is it?" "A dumb man arrested for uttering forged notes."—Exchange.

Breakfast Habits.

Mrs. X.—When my husband stays out all night I refuse to eat him any breakfast. Mrs. Y.—When my husband stays out all night he never wants any.

Africa.

The word "Africa" comes from the Phoenician "afar" meaning "a black man," and the Sanskrit "ac" meaning earth, land, country.

Avenue of the Presidents. Sixteenth street, in Washington, leads directly to the White House and has been called the "Avenue of the Presidents."

He who does as well as he knows how today will know better tomorrow.

Professional Cards

J. Donald Swope
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Crawford Building, Balto. St.

Chas. B. Stouffer, M.D.
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Second Floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Balto. St.

John D. Keith
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

S. S. Neely
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in Star and Sentinel Building, 2nd floor, Balto. St., over Cash Store.

Charles E. Stahle
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

Wm. McSherry, Jr.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Balto. St., opposite Court House.

Wm. McClean, Late Pres. Judge.
Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Law Office in Compiler Building, Balto. street, a few doors above Court House on opposite side of street.

J. L. Williams
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

Wm. Hersh
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court House.

J. I. Butt
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

YOU should have a Kanawha or a Red Jacket Pump because they are SO EASY TO WORK—SO EASY TO FIND A child can operate them, and when repairs are needed, you can easily do the work yourself. When your well is properly fitted with a KANAWHA (wood or iron) RED JACKET (iron) you are assured of having the best. Over forty years of successful pump building is your guarantee that we will build it correctly. Send for our illustrated catalog. If your dealer cannot supply, you write direct.

KANAWHA PUMP WORKS
Baltimore, Md.

Western Maryland Ry.

EFFECTIVE MAY 18, 1917.

Subject to change without notice.

8.45 a. m. Daily except Sunday, for Hanover, York and intermediate points.

10.16 a. m. Daily, for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, Chicago and the West, also Elkins, W. Va.

3.50 p. m. Daily, for Hanover, York, Baltimore and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

5.41 p. m. Daily, except Sunday, for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

S. ENNES, Gen. Mgr. C. F. STEWART, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 59 Warren Street, New York.

NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of James Topper, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JACOB A. APPLER, Executor, Gettysburg, Pa.

EDGAR C. TAWNEY

Dealer in Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pastries. Everything is Fresh and of the very best.

WEST MIDDLE ST., GETTYSBURG

WE WANT a man or woman in every town where we are not already represented, to introduce BROWN HERB TABLETS guaranteed remedy for Constipation, Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Over 100% profit. Key seller, repeat orders. Permanent income. Write for pamphlets, FREE SAMPLES and terms BROWN HERB CO., 66 Murray St. New York City.

Clean White Rags wanted at this office. 5 cts. per pound.

Subscribe for the COMPILER

COURT FILES AN OPINION.

(Continued from page 1.)

with balance of \$994.07 was confirmed.

The first partial account of estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, stated by Albert Weikert with balance of \$1951.32 was confirmed and Geo. M. Walter, Esq., was appointed auditor to dispose of exceptions.

The final account of Wm. Hersh and J. D. Keith, Esqs., trustees to sell real estate of John T. Weikert, late of Cumberland township, with balance of \$7546.15 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of John A. Sadler, late of York Springs, with balance of \$1,034.46 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of John A. Trostle, late of East Berlin, with a balance of \$2025.80 was confirmed. The final account in estate of Jacob S. Taubhinbaugh, late of New Oxford with a balance of \$6474.53 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Robt. Crawford Warren, late of Gettysburg, with a balance of \$1413.16 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Rebecca Slaybaugh, late of Butler township, with balance of \$221.57 was confirmed. Account showed nearly \$2000 paid out in special legacies.

The final account in estate of Thos. A. Warren, late of Gettysburg, with a balance of \$2384.56 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Sallie Lawyer, late of Mt. Joy township, with a balance of \$62.11 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Jas. F. Rider, late of Mt. Joy township, with a balance of \$10,827.15 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Mary Ann Asper, late of Latimore township, with a balance of \$463.72 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Andrew Heintzelman, late of Highland township, with a balance of \$1105.67 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Anne M. Small, late of McSherrystown, with no balance, was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Newton A. Tawney, late of Gettysburg, with a balance of \$11,612.01 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Sarah A. Bushey, late of East Berlin, with a balance of \$140 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of David A. Riley, late of Cumberland township, with a balance of \$483.65 was confirmed. \$120 had been distributed to heirs in 1910.

The final account in estate of Edward Menchev, late of Gettysburg, with a balance of \$496.25 was confirmed, exceptions to account having been filed.

The final account in estate of Henry Stock, late of New Oxford, with a balance of \$17,137.42 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Mary Menchev, late of Gettysburg, with no balance, was confirmed.

The final account in estate of David B. Bowers, late of Littlestown, with a balance of \$1,435.97 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of David B. Bowers, late of Littlestown, with a balance of \$1,435.97 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Alex. Walker, late of Gettysburg, with a balance of \$104.08 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Ephraim Howard, late of Straban township, with a balance of \$1026.76 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Geo. K. Sherman, late of Mt. Joy township, with a balance of \$2186.10 was confirmed.

The final account in estate of Jacob L. Sterner, late of Union township, with no balance, was confirmed.

The Citizens' Trust Company of Gettysburg was appointed trustee of dower fund in estate of John A. Hankey, late of Gettysburg, of \$1333.33 for the use of the widow, Emma F. Hankey.

The Citizens' Trust Company of Gettysburg, was appointed trustee of dower fund in estate of Robt. Crawford Warren, late of Gettysburg, for the use of the widow, Bernice A. Warren.

Hanover Trust Company was appointed guardian of Annie E. Sneeinger and H. Carroll Sneeinger, minor children of Edgar T. Sneeinger, late of Oxford township, and bond approved.

Wm. Hersh, Esq., was appointed guardian of Dorothy Conrad, minor child of Pearl Conrad, bond in \$50. The guardian was authorized to sell the interest of the ward in two tracts of land, one of 11 acres and one of 7 acres in Tyrone township, the interest of ward being the one-twelfth of same.

The private sale of tract in Berkeley township of the estate of Mathias Grim to George Langham of same township, for \$1140 was finally confirmed.

The report of C. W. Stoner, Esq., auditor making distribution in the estate of Wm. Ross White late of Liberty township, was confirmed nisi.

Lewis J. Feiler and Jonas B. Wehler were discharged as executors of Annie R. Spangler, deceased, having paid out to the heirs the entire estate of \$2118 in their hands.

Chas. S. Duncan, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution of the balance in hands of Geo. R. Rounting, administrator of the estate of Geo. W. Hewitt, late of Rensselaerville.

Sale of real estate in the estate of Amos Shank, late of Franklin township, were confirmed as follows: 10. McCallan, Bucher for \$5000; 11. property in McKnightstown to Robt. M. Keller for \$5000; 12. timber lot in Franklin township of 15 acres to John T. Riegeal for \$175.

An order was made to pay to Jos. C. Favorite, now of age, his share in estate of Elizabeth Martz, late of Franklin township, now amounting to \$21, which had been paid into court in 1905.

Allan Dubbs has purchased the good will and fixtures of the Klean Clothes Klub, Chambersburg street, from Alban McSherry, who has accepted a position with the Delco Light Company at York. Mr. Dubbs will add tailoring to the work of his establishment.

A SHIPWRECK ROMANCE

ADAMS COUNTY BOY MARRIES GIRL HE SAVED FROM WRECK.

Adrift in an Open Boat They Are Cast on the China Coast With Cupid's Approval.

Myers—Brown.—Myrl Scott Myers, U. S. Consul at Swatow, China, a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Myers of Mechanicsburg, and a former resident of York Springs, was married to Miss Alice Kelsey Brown of Toledo, Ohio, at Yokohama on May 15, at the American Consulate. A wedding breakfast followed at the Grand Hotel. After a honeymoon trip through the Orient Mr. and Mrs. Myers will go to Swatow.

The wedding was the culmination of a shipwreck romance. Last summer Mr. Myers returned to China on the same vessel with Miss Brown and her mother. They were unacquainted. Nearing the China coast the vessel was wrecked and Mr. Myers escaped in an open boat with Miss Brown and her mother. After two days drifting on the sea they were tossed up in a remote place on the China coast. The party finally reached a seaport town in safety, but their misfortune had determined the future course of the lives of the two young people. The bride is a graduate of Smith College and the groom of Dickinson College.

Poist—Hemler.—Francis X. Poist, of McSherrystown, son of the late Philip and Annie Weaver Poist, and Miss Caroline M. Hemler, a daughter of Mrs. Irene Hemler of Hanover, were married at a nuptial high mass in St. Vincent's Church by the rector, Rev. W. H. Howard. They were attended by Miss Grace Hemler, a sister of the bride, and Stanislaus Poist, a brother of the groom. The bride wore a gown of shadow lace over net and a white picture hat. The bridesmaid was attired in a gown of yellow silk wearing a black picture hat. Each wore a corsage bouquet of sweet peas. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Renia Hemler. The newlyweds left on an automobile trip to Taneytown and Emmitsburg. The groom is a former pitcher of St. Mary's baseball team, McSherrystown, and is employed in Leschey's box factory, Hanover. Mr. and Mrs. Poist will reside at the bride's home for the present.

Getzendanner—Cramer.—A pretty wedding took place Monday morning at 10 o'clock, when Miss Katherine Alice Cramer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Cramer, Bradock Heights, Md., was married to the Rev. Mark Getzendanner of Polo, Ill. The ceremony was performed at the First Presbyterian Church, Frederick, by the Rev. Thomas F. Dixon, assisted by the Rev. U. S. G. Rupp, of the Evangelical Lutheran Church. Miss Margaret Brewer, an aunt of the bride, was maid of honor. The best man was the Rev. John D. Rupp, a college chum of the bridegroom. The Rev. Mr. Rupp is pastor of the Lutheran Church at Boonsboro, Md. The Rev. Mr. Getzendanner is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Milton G. Getzendanner, and was graduated Thursday from the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg. The Rev. and Mrs. Getzendanner will be at home at Princeton, Ia., where the former has accepted a charge, after June 1.

Stair—Breighner.—A wedding took place at a nuptial mass in Sacred Heart Church, Conewago Chapel, on Tuesday morning when Miss Helen Breighner became the bride of William Stair. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Charles Koch. They were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Leo Robinson. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Breighner of Mt. Pleasant township. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Stair of near Bonneauville and is employed by the Hopkins Manufacturing Company, Hanover. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stair left on a few day's auto trip to York, Baltimore and other points. Mr. and Mrs. Stair will reside in a newly furnished house in Midway.

Thomas—Small.—Paul Thomas of Gettysburg, and Miss Sarah Small of Hanover, were united in marriage Monday morning at a nuptial high mass in St. Joseph's Church, by the Rev. J. A. Huber.

Orner—Diehl.—Harry J. Orner, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Orner of Arendtsville, and Miss Anna Belle Diehl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus A. Diehl of Biglerville, were married on Saturday by Rev. V. G. Hartman, in the Reformed parsonage at Fairfield, the ring service being used.

Hoff—Weidner.—Thursday evening, May 3, C. J. Weidner, Esq., married at his residence in Huntington township, Carrie E. Weidner and Harry D. Hoff.

Shuff—Gillelan.—A pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice H. Gillelan in Emmitsburg, Tuesday afternoon when their daughter, Miss Loretta Gillelan, was married to Millard Francis Shuff, Jr. Miss Margaret Gillelan was flower girl. The ring ceremony was performed by the pastor of the bride and bridegroom, Dr. Charles Reinwald, in the presence of immediate relatives of the bridal party. The house was tastefully decorated with flowers. Mr. and Mrs. Shuff left immediately after the ceremony for a short wedding trip. They will be at home after June first on East Main street, Emmitsburg.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Marian Blocher, daughter of Mrs. J. O. Blocher of West Confederate avenue, and the Rev. Alfred Towne Sutcliffe, of Hummelstown, who was graduated last week from the Theological Seminary.

The wedding will take place on Tuesday morning, June 5, at 10 o'clock, in St. James' Lutheran Church. Mrs. Ellen Kauffman of East Berlin, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Martha E. Kauffman, to Erwin Luther Bare of Hanover. Mr. Bare is an engineer and draftsman in the U. S. Quartermaster's Department.

G. H. S. COMMENCEMENT.

High School Will Graduate the Largest Class in Its History.

Plans are rapidly being completed for the celebration of Commencement at the Gettysburg High School which will begin on Sunday, June 3, when the baccalaureate sermon will be preached to the class by the Rev. Paul R. Pontius in the Reformed Church.

The graduating exercises will be held on Thursday evening, June 7, in the Lincoln Way Theatre. The address to the class will be delivered by Dr. Charles F. Sanders of the College Faculty. A special stage setting is being arranged by Allan B. Plank, a member of the School Board, and the music for the evening will be furnished by the High School Orchestra. This year's graduating class numbers thirty-seven and has the distinction of being the largest class to be graduated from the Gettysburg High School. The following is a list of the members: Esther Baugher, Mae Biddle, Mary Boyer, Myrna Comfort, Myrle Ernst, Wilbur Geiselman, Mindelle Grinder, Justine Hartley, Anita Hershey, Edith Hollinger, Clair Jacobs, Viola Kapp, Ruth Martin, Nellie Mehring, Anna Miller, Charles Miller, Gilbert Miller, Percy Miller, Robert Mishler, Chester Mumper, Harold Mumper, Roy Mundorff, Virginia Oyler, Genevieve Power, Ruth Raffensperger, Lulu Roth, Ida Sheads, Edythe Sheely, Edwin Shoop, Ralph Stover, William Weaver, John Weikert, Lola Wierman, Ruth Wible, William Witherow, Edna Zinkand, and Ethel Zinkand.

Two of the Seniors left school this month as the result of the war, Robert Mishler, who is with the Aviation Corps of the U. S. Army, and Chester Mumper, who has been excused to work on his father's farm in Cumberland township. Both will be graduated and receive their diplomas in regular form.

Final examinations begin this week and at their conclusion the valedictorian and salutatorian will be selected. The class will be excused on May 29 in order that they may have a week in which to prepare for the Commencement exercises.

The presentation of a gift by the Senior class to the school will be another feature of the week. This Senior class have selected as their parting remembrance to the school a metal flag staff to replace the wooden one in front of the High School Building. It will be in three sections and when erected will be about sixty feet high and will bear a bronze plate appropriately inscribed. The staff was secured through A. B. Plank and Charles Kappes who have charge of erecting it, and the bronze plate was furnished by C. A. Blocher.

The closing event of the week will be the annual banquet of the Alumni Association, which will be held on Friday evening, June 8, in the Social Rooms of St. James' Church. In former years it has been the custom to hold this banquet at one of the hotels but a combination of unusual conditions this year caused the departure from the regular custom. As the date of the banquet is also the date of the dedication of the Virginia Memorial it is to be expected that all the hotels will be taxed to their capacity. The Ladies' Mite Society of the Church has agreed to prepare and serve the banquet, and it is expected that the attendance will be not less than a hundred. The committee in charge of the affair is Richard Mishler, William Troxell and Wilbur Stallsmith. Immediately preceding the banquet the Alumni Association will hold its annual business session in the social rooms of the church.

Senior Examinations.

The following is a list of Gettysburg High School students who will be admitted to the Senior examinations:

Esther Rebecca Baugher, Sara Mae Biddle, Mary Lucile Boyer, Myrna Marguerite Comfort, Myrle Paul Ernst, Wilbur Albert Geiselman, Genevieve Mindelle Grinder, Clair Milton Jacobs, Justine Marie Hartley, Anita Crowell Hershey, Edith Deardorff Hollinger, Viola M. S. Kapp, Ruth Olive Martin, Nellie Katherine Mehring, Anna Harriet Miller, Charles Kitzmiller Miller, C. Gilbert Miller, Percy Schaeffer Miller, Robert Mishler, Chester Culp Mumper, Jacob Harold Mumper, Roy M. Mundorff, Mary Virginia Oyler, Genevieve Agnes Power, Ruth Elizabeth Raffensperger, Lulu Barbara Roth, Ida Salome Sheads, Edith Irene Sheely, Edwin Louis Shoop, Ralph Hays Stover, William G. Weaver, John Maurice Weikert, Lola Mae Wierman, Ruth Elma Wible, William Washington Witherow, Edna Anna Zinkand, Ethel Mae Zinkand.

Excursion to Pen-Mar Park.

Decoration Day is the first of the summer holidays, and a great many persons always take advantage of it for a trip away from home.

At Pen-Mar Park workmen have been busy for several days cleaning and brightening it up, until now it looks better than ever, and every one may be assured of a pleasurable day of outing, picnicking and other enjoyable amusement.

The Western Maryland Railway will, in accordance with its usual custom, run an excursion. The schedules are convenient and the fares very low, as will be noted in their advertisement appearing elsewhere in this paper. Any agent will gladly give full information.

Teacher Elected.

The Gettysburg School Board at their meeting on Wednesday evening elected Guy Lefevre teacher of manual training and science in the High School. He has taught several years in rural schools and graduated this year from Shippensburg State Normal School.

ARENDTSVILLE.

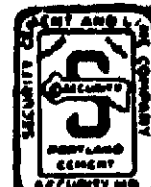
Memorial services will be held here on Saturday, the 26th, at 1.30 P. M. K. F. Topper Esq., will deliver oration Roy M. Raffensperger, chief marshal. Bruce C. Knouse, Daniel Drawbaugh and Ralph Knouse, aids. Devotional exercises by Rev. D. T. Koser and Rev. T. C. Hesson.

If any one in this section has plenty of potatoes left and would send their address to the Arendtsville post office, persons who are making inquiry would then know where to purchase them.

Last Saturday while Wm. F. Lady was preparing his corn ground he stepped in a ditch and sprained himself internally and got very sick. He could not walk and several of his neighbors assisted him to his home. He is still confined to his bed but is gradually getting better. Dr. N. G. Bickel is treating him.

The fruit trees of all kinds are very full of blossom and the country looks beautiful.

Last Monday night when David Showers, near Wensville was out assisting in putting out the mountain fire, thieves broke open his smokehouse and stole all his meat, 1 large ham, 4 large shoulders, and 1 piece of side meat.



Berkeley Hydrated Lime

—Increases Crop Yields Quickly

Farmers acknowledge that it is neither profitable nor advisable to buy potash at its present prohibitive prices.

Berkeley Hydrated Lime offers the best solution of the problem. It makes the potash in the soil quickly available, and produces increased yields.

If you can wait, ground limestone will do the work, but for quick action use Berkeley Hydrate.

We make lime in all its forms.

SECURITY CEMENT & LIME CO.,
HAGERSTOWN, MARYLAND

Sold By
W. OYLER & BRO.,
Gettysburg, Pa.



G. W. WEAVER & SON

Dry Goods Department Store

WHITE, COLORED AND COMBINATION LINGERIE DRESSES

Our showing of WHITE VOILES and NET DRESSES for graduation or dressy occasions is unusual in style and quality of make up, the PRICES BEING UNUSUALLY LOW

From \$5.00 to \$20.00 for High Grade Dresses

New ones coming in every week

COLORED AND COMBINATION DRESSES

For Dressy Afternoons and Evenings

It seems to us there never has been a season when this character of frocks have been as stylish and pretty as they are this season. We cannot give any descriptions as each dress is different in some particular from any other, except that they are all made with the greatest care and with a style and beauty all their own

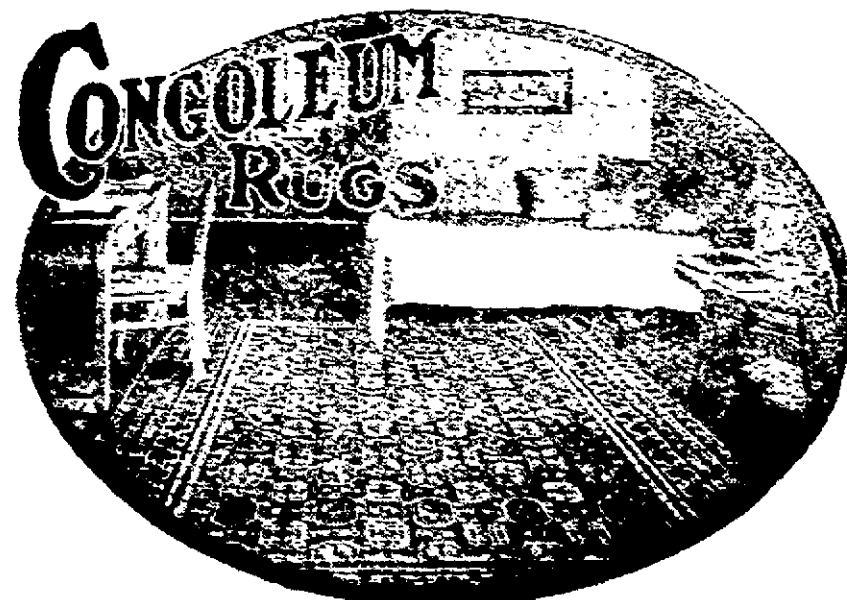
\$3.50 to \$9.00

MORNING OR PORCH DRESSES

Greatest variety of styles in printed and woven Voiles, Lawns, Gingham, Percales, etc., in all styles, some styles up to size 50. Every one is of special value as compared with materials bought today. After this lot we will probably pay full price advances

\$1.00 to \$5.00

SEE OUR LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THESE RUGS



G. W. WEAVER & SON



Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.

Wm. Arch. McClean, Editor

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1917

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
SIMON P. MILLER,
Of Mt. Joy Township.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
P. P. EISENHART,
Of East Berlin.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.
(Continued from page 1.)

devoted purpose in the industries that lie behind the battle line. The day here named is the time upon which all shall present themselves for assignment to their tasks. It is for that reason destined to be remembered as one of the most conspicuous moments in our history. It is nothing less than the day upon which the manhood of the country shall step forward in one solid rank in defense of the ideals to which this nation is consecrated. It is important to those ideals no less than to the pride of this generation in manifesting its devotion to them, that there be no gaps in the ranks.

Food Control Legislation.

President Wilson, in asking Congress for legislation to control food supplies, said:

It is very desirable, in order to prevent misunderstandings or alarms and to assure co-operation in a vital matter, that the country should understand exactly the scope and purpose of the very great powers which I have thought it necessary in the circumstances to ask Congress to put in my hands with regard to our food supplies. Those powers are very great indeed, but they are no greater than it has proved necessary to lodge in the other Governments which are conducting this momentous war, and their object is stimulation and conservation, not arbitrary restraint or injurious interference with the normal processes of production. They are intended to benefit and assist the farmer and all those who play a legitimate part in the preparation, distribution and marketing of foodstuffs. It is proposed to draw a sharp line of distinction between the normal activities of the Government represented in the Department of Agriculture in reference to food production, conservation and marketing, on the one hand, and the emergency activities necessitated by the war in reference to the regulation of food distribution and consumption, on the other. All measures intended directly to extend the normal activities of the Department of Agriculture in reference to the production, conservation and the marketing of farm crops will be administered, as in normal times, through that department, and the powers asked for over distribution and consumption, over exports, imports, prices, purchase and requisition of commodities, storing and the like which may require regulation during the war will be placed in the hands of a commissioner of food administration appointed by the President and directly responsible to him. The objects sought to be served by the legislation asked for are full inquiry into the existing available stocks of foodstuffs and into the costs and practices of the various food producing and distributing trades; the prevention of all unwarranted hoarding of every kind and of the control of foodstuffs by persons who are not in any legitimate sense producers, dealers or traders; the requisitioning, when necessary for the public use, of food supplies and of the equipment necessary for handling them properly; the licensing of wholesome and legitimate mixtures and milling percentages, and the prohibition of the unnecessary or wasteful use of foods. Authority is asked also to establish prices, not in order to limit the profits of the farmers, but only to guarantee to them when necessary a minimum price which will insure them a profit where they are asked to attempt new crops and to secure the consumer against extortion by breaking up corners and attempts at speculation when they occur by fixing temporarily a reasonable price at which middlemen must sell.

I have asked Herbert Hoover to undertake this all-important task of food administration. He has expressed his willingness to do so, on condition that he is to receive no payment for his services and that the whole of the force under him, exclusive of clerical assistance, shall be employed, so far as possible, upon the same volunteer basis. He has expressed his confidence that this difficult matter of food administration can be successfully accomplished through the voluntary co-operation and direction of legitimate distributors of foodstuffs with the help of the women of the country. Although it is absolutely necessary that unquestionable powers shall be placed in my hands in order to insure the success of this administration of the food supplies of the country, I am confident that the exercise of those powers will be necessary only in the few cases where some small and selfish minority proves unwilling to put the nation's interests above personal advantage, and that the whole country will heartily support Mr. Hoover's efforts by supplying the necessary volunteer agencies throughout the country for the intelligent control of food consumption and securing the co-operation of the most capable leaders of the very interests most directly affected; that the exercise of the powers deputed to him will rest very successfully upon the good will and co-operation of the people themselves and that the ordinary economic machinery of the country will be left substantially undisturbed. The proposed food administration is intended, of course, only to meet a manifest emergency and to continue only while the war lasts. Since it will be composed for the most part of volunteers, there need be no fear of the possibility of a permanent bureaucracy arising out of it. All control of consumption will disappear when the emergency has passed. It is with that object in view that the Administration considers it to be of pre-eminent importance that the existing associations of producers and distributors of foodstuffs should be mobilized and made use of on a volunteer basis. The successful conduct of the projected food administration by such means will be the finest possible demonstration of the willingness, the ability and the efficiency of democracy, and of its justified reliance upon the freedom of individual initiative. The last thing that any American could contemplate with equanimity would be the introduction of anything resembling Prussian autocracy into the food control in this country. It is of vital interest and importance to every man who produces food and to every man who takes part in its distribution that these policies thus liberally administered should succeed altogether. It is only in that way we can prove it to be absolutely unnecessary to resort to the rigorous and drastic measures which have proved to be necessary in some of the European countries. Herbert Hoover is of the opinion that the legislation proposed by the administration will meet the food problem and made the following statement:

PERSONALS.

—Mrs. Sarah Stock has returned to her home on Baltimore street after a visit of several weeks at the home of her son, Leo F. Stock, in Washington, D. C. Leo Stock and son John accompanied Mrs. Stock home and will visit here for several days.

—Miss Kate McCrory of West Middle street has gone to Steelton where she will be the guest of friends for several days.

—Miss Mayburt Musselman of Fairfield visited friends in town on Wednesday.

—Mrs. Amos Musselman of Bayonne, N. J., is spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Musselman, Baltimore street.

—Dr. A. R. Wentz, Seminary Ridge, is spending several days at Tamaqua, where he will deliver a lecture.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Lilly and family have returned to their home at Salisbury, Md., after a visit with William McSherry, Esq., at his home on Baltimore street.

—Mrs. A. H. F. Fischer has returned to her home in Phoenixville after spending a week with relatives in town.

—Rev. A. R. Steck of Carlisle, was a Gettysburg visitor several days last week.

—J. Howard Reinecker of Altoona spent Sunday with relatives and friends in town.

—Mrs. Harry Troxell has returned to her home on Hanover street after visiting at the home of her son, Prof. Fred Troxell, in Steelton.

—Norman Warren of East Orange, N. J., spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Warren, Stratton street.

—Mrs. A. S. Pfeffer, Baltimore St., spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Jacob Deardorff, at her home in Steelton.

—Mrs. Colestock has returned to her home in New Oxford after a visit at the home of her son John Colestock on York street.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Mooney of McKeessport, are spending several days with Mrs. Annie Shoop and Mrs. Elizabeth Warren, Seminary Ridge.

—Mrs. M. Valentine, Springs avenue, has gone to Lebanon where she will spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Henry Segriss.

—Miss Mary Van Dyke, East Middle street, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mervin Van Dyke, Harrisburg.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wagner have returned to their home in Harrisburg after a visit with Mrs. Mary Beard, North Washington street.

—Sheriff H. J. Hartman, East High street, attended the meeting of Mayors and Sheriffs of the State called by Governor Brumbaugh, at Harrisburg on Wednesday.

—Mrs. Richard Klamt of Hudson Falls, N. Y., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. Wolf, York street.

—Mrs. H. C. Picking, Baltimore street, and Miss Alice Forney, Carlisle street, attended the funeral of Mrs. Young of Baltimore, who was buried in Hanover on Wednesday.

—Mrs. Kreider, West Middle street, is spending several days with friends at Lancaster and Lititz.

—Fred Thorn has returned to his home on Chambersburg street after spending some time at Johns Hopkins Hospital where he was undergoing treatment for sciatic rheumatism.

—The Sixth District Adams County Sunday School Association will hold their annual convention at Bendersville on Friday, June 8. There will be three sessions, morning, afternoon and evening and the meetings will be held in the Methodist Church.

—Geo. W. Rex, proprietor of the Gettysburg Steam Laundry, has completed the erection of a large brick addition to his plant on Steinwehr avenue in order to meet the increasing demands of his business. Additional machinery and equipment of the most modern design will be installed.

—Thomas J. Brereton, editor of the "Chambersburg Valley Spirit," and candidate last fall on the Democratic ticket for State Senator from the Adams-Franklin District, has offered his services to the War Department as an engineer.

—The degrees were conferred on a class of candidates from the Gettysburg Castle of Knights of the Mystic Chain at Littlestown on Thursday evening. The local Castle has increased in membership from fifty members to one hundred in the three months since its organization here.

—The tennis courts at the Kurtz Playground will be put in condition for the summer months by the Girls' Athletic Society of the High School, which raised enough money during the winter for this purpose.

—The campaign for members for the Gettysburg Chapter of the Red Cross Society is going forward with a vim as we go to press. The membership was a few beyond the 200 mark when canvass started. Friday noon the 300 mark had been crossed. The town is being canvassed by nearly fifty ladies. They are going from door to door, asking for membership. One-half of the fee stays in the home treasury and is used for the purchase of material made up into hospital supplies.

—The Red Cross headquarters for the day are at the old Huber Drug Store room on Baltimore street. Mrs. Elsie Singmaster Lewars, Secretary of the Chapter, has been in charge of the canvass with the committee recently appointed, of which Senator C. Wm. Beales is chairman. It is the one chance the folks at home have to do their bit for the boys going to the front.

—The Red Cross First Aid Class of 25 members met for the first time on last Monday afternoon, the instruction being conducted by Dr. J. McCreia Dickson.

—The Gettysburg Chapter has had a number of accessories by reason of residents, who have joined elsewhere being returned to the home chapters.

—The McSherrytown Branch of the Red Cross Society was organized last Saturday by electing F. X. Weaver chairman, Mrs. Dominic Smith vice chairman, Miss May Keefer secretary, and Preston Smith treasurer.

—The meeting in St. Mary's Hall was addressed by Mrs. Elsie Singmaster Lewars and at its close Rev. Father Reudter urged the formation of a branch society.

Red Cross News.

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Answering Call to Arms.

—Joseph Theodore Morris, son of Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Morris, North Stratton street, has received official notice of his appointment to the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. He is to report at that institution on June 14. Thomas Nixon, son of Mrs. H. B. Nixon, Carlisle street, is completing the second year of his course at West Point.

—C. William Duncan, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Duncan, Lincoln avenue, left on Monday for Annapolis, Md., where he will study in preparation for the examinations for entrance to the United States Naval Academy. "Billy" is a Senior at Gettysburg College, is athletic editor of the "Gettysburgian" and has been for some time one of the sporting writers for the Hanover "Sun".

—The fans of Hanover will be sorry to learn of "Bill's" departure from the staff of the "Sun" as he was considered an authority on baseball, and the most reliable sport writer of the Blue Ridge League circuit towns.

—Russell Paxton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Paxton, who has been a student at the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy for several years, has enlisted with the Medical Corps of the U. S. Regulars and leaves for Fort Slocum on Saturday, where he will go into training.

—Herbert A. Bream, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Bream, West Conedergate avenue, has enlisted as a member of the Engineer Corps that is soon to be sent to France for active work. Mr. Bream, who has been engaged in bridge construction work since his graduation from College here seven years ago, will be commissioned as a first lieutenant. He left for New York on Thursday after spending several days with his parents.

—Word has been received from Robert Mishler, son of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Mishler, Chambersburg street, who has enlisted as a member of the Aviation Corps, that he is now located at Columbus, Ohio, awaiting orders to be sent into training at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

—George Weikert, a student at William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., and a former resident of Gettysburg, has received an appointment to the Officers' Reserve Training Camp at Fort Meyer, Va. Mr. Weikert is a brother of Mrs. Roy Walker of Route 4, Gettysburg, and Miss Ida Weikert of this place.

—V. S. Klinefelter, son of Dairyman S. H. Klinefelter, of Mt. Pleasant township has enlisted in the U. S. Army.

MONDAY

OH, that dreaded wash day! Isn't there some way to do it easier—some way to avoid that terrific kitchen heat, the back-breaking job of toting wood, shoveling coal and cleaning out ashes? Yes, madam, there is.

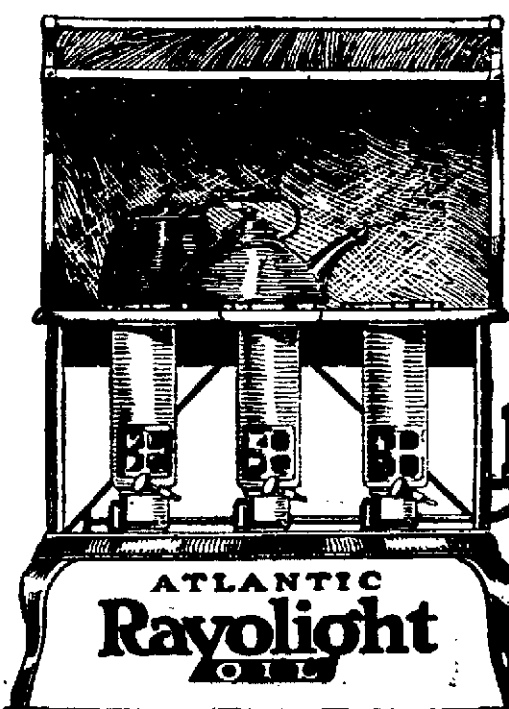
NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK-STOVES

have chased this wash-day bugaboo away to stay. With a Perfection in your kitchen you won't have heat all the time, but just when you need it. The water gets hot—off goes the heat, fuel expense stops, the kitchen cools off. You save money, time and work.

And the Perfection will bake, boil, fry or roast at a minute's notice. Just light a match and it'll begin to "do things up brown."

Your dealer will explain its many fine points, such as the fireless cooker and the separate oven.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY Philadelphia and Pittsburgh



Your Perfection, or any other oil-burning device, simply can't give best results unless you use Rayolight Oil. It burns without sputter, smoke or smell. And it doesn't cost a penny more than the ordinary kinds. Always look for this sign:



NOTICE.

GETTYSBURG GAS CO.

Call and notice of meeting of bond holders.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of all first mortgage 4 per cent bonds of the Gettysburg Gas Co., a corporation organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and doing business in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., secured under the terms of a certain mortgage given by said Gettysburg Gas Company unto Henry C. Picking, of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., as trustee, under date of February 6, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Adams Co., Pa., in Mortgage Book "P" at page 596, that pursuant to provisions contained in said mortgage, a meeting of the said bond holders is hereby called for the purpose of electing and appointing a successor trustee under said mortgage to fill the vacancy in said trusteeship caused by the resignation of Henry C. Picking, the trustee named in said mortgage, the said meeting of bond holders will be held at the offices of John D. Keith, Esq., in the First National Bank Building, Borough of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., on the 25th day of July, 1917, at 1:30 o'clock, in the afternoon.

WM. D. HIMES,
President of Gettysburg Gas Co.
Dated May 14, 1917.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John P. Hoffman, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them in legal form to

CITIZENS' TRUST CO., Executor.
Gettysburg, Pa.
Or the Atty. for the Estate,

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Leo A. Sneeringer, late of Conowingo township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. McSHERRY,
Gettysburg,
Adams Co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Susan E. Allewelt, late of the Township of Berwick, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them in legal form to

CITIZENS' TRUST CO., Administrator.
Gettysburg, Pa.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed proposals for the erection and construction of a bridge will be received by the Commissioners of the County of Adams, and State of Pennsylvania, until 12 M, Tuesday, June 12, 1917, and publicly opened at the office of said Commissioners at 1 P. M. of the same day.

One Reinforced Concrete Twin Arch Bridge over Little Conewago Creek on State Highway leading from New Oxford to Gettysburg, about one half mile west of New Oxford, two spans 50 feet each, 20 feet wide over all, 11 feet rise with 50 feet wing walls as shown on plans.

Bidders for this bridge must submit with their estimate a plan showing the method they intend to use in reinforcing same which must meet the approval of the Commissioners and their Engineer.

Specifications and plans may be seen and proposal blanks obtained at the office of the County Commissioners in Court House, Gettysburg, Penna.

A certified check for the sum of 10 per cent of the bid, payable to the County Commissioners of the County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania, must accompany each bid.

Each bid must be sealed and addressed to the Commissioners of Adams County, Gettysburg, Penna., and endorsed on the outside of the envelope containing same "Proposal for the erection of a concrete bridge."

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

H. B. SLAGLE
H. J. MARCH
E. C. KEEFER
County Commissioners.

Attest:
G. ALLEN YOHE, Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

LEVYING THE TAX RATE FOR THE BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG FOR THE YEAR 1917.

Be it enacted and ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same:

Section 1. That for the year 1917 there is levied a tax of 9 1-2 mills for general Borough purposes.

Section 2. That for the year 1917 there is levied a tax of 1 1-2 mills for the payment of interest accruing on bonds, and for the redemption of such bonds as may be legally mature.

Adopted by Council the 1st day of May, 1917.

C. B. DOUGHERTY,
President.

Attest:
C. R. KITZMILLER,
Secretary.

Approved this 7th day of May, 1917.
J. W. EICHHOLTZ,
Burgess.

Western Maryland Ry. Co.

Important

Schedule Change

EFFECTIVE MAY 18, 1917.

Trains N. 7 "Western Express" and No. 8 "Eastern Express" heretofore providing night passenger service between Baltimore and Pittsburgh, and intermediate points will be discontinued effective May 18, 1917.

C. F. Stewart, G. P. A.

Wanted—Clean Rags at this office.

REPORT

Of the condition of the Gettysburg National Bank, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business May 1, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	766,148.99
Overdrafts, unsecured	627.58
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	145,000.00
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same	389,158.64
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	10,756.25
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank \$15,400.00 Less amount unpaid	7,700.00
Banking house \$46,500; furniture and fixtures \$3,500	55,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis	6,154.34
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	43,042.89
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)	8,165.39
Outside checks and other cash items \$1,666.08; fractional currency, nickels and cents \$250.63	1,906.71
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	2,183.69
Notes of other national banks	2,485.00
Federal reserve notes	230.00
Lawful money reserve in bank; and with Federal Reserve Banks	63,300.92
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	7,250.00
Total	\$1,500,200.35

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$145,150.00
Surplus fund	110,300.00
Undivided profits \$59,645.02 Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid \$21,279.68	38,365.34
Circulating notes	145,000.00
Net amount due to banks and bankers	1,561.65
Dividends unpaid	28.50
Demand deposits: Individual deposits subject to check	168,478.69
Cashier's checks outstanding	7,200.30
Certified checks	5.00
Time Deposits: Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice	\$63,401.73
Total	\$1,500,200.35

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:
I, E. M. Bender, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. BENDER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of May, 1917.
WM. L. MEALS, N. P.
Correct attest:
WM. McSHERRY
WALTER H. ONEAL
H. C. PICKING
Directors.

GOOD, Sober Laboring Men Wanted between the ages of 20 and 45 years, who are willing to be advanced. Factory operated day and night turns, shifts change each week. Wages from 21c to 30c per hour with bonus for good workmen. Married men preferred. Apply to superintendent, Columbia Plate Glass Co., Blairsville, Pa.

Standard Blood

Medicine the whole world over—MOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. Druggists everywhere sell and feel safe in recommending it because it gives such general satisfaction. Purifies, builds up, creates appetite, overcomes that tired feeling. Get a bottle today.

Save Your Garments
Your Fall & Winter Garments will be safe from all harm if placed in **Protection NORTH-PROOF GARMENT BAGS** 3 for \$1.00
Send 10¢ Today to ROYAL PAPER GOODS CO. 390 N. 3rd St. NEW YORK

NOTICE.

Letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of Ambrose P. Weigle, late of Oxford township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNA L. WOLFORD,
Administratrix c. t. a.,
Gettysburg R. R.

NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob A. Bair, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

HARVEY E. BAIR,
Littlestown R. R.
R. S. SPONSELLER,
Gettysburg R. R.
Executors.

Or their Atty.
Wm. Arch. McClean, Esq.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS
FOR COUNTRY HOMES

20 Volt Storage Battery outfit, including Engine, Dynamo, Switchboard and battery capacity for a week's light on one day charge, \$150.00.
Expert house wiring and artistic lighting fixtures. Write or telephone for prices.

W. M. E. ZIEGLER,
Electrical Contractor,
Bldg Phone 63 Z Gettysburg, Pa.

WILSON'S REMEDY

EFFICIENT IN
BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA
CATARRH, GRIPPE, STUBBORN COUGHS, ETC.

From a Minister in New York: "I was severely ill with lung trouble. My attention was directed to the Wilson Remedy which I used with splendid effect."

From a lady in Michigan: "I used your medicine first 43 or 44 years ago and it saved me from ending my days with consumption. There would be no use of so many people dying with consumption if they could be persuaded to try Wilson's Remedy."

If you are suffering from ANY lung or throat trouble it is your duty to investigate. Send for free full information to:
Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

Don't suffer longer with
RHEUMATISM

No matter how chronic or how helpless you think your case may be, you can get quick and permanent relief by taking nature's remedy, "SEVEN BARKS." Get at the root of the disease, and drive the uric acid and all other poisons out of your system for good. "SEVEN BARKS" has been doing this successfully for the past 43 years. Price 50 cents per bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor, a LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N. Y.

Subscribe for the COMPILER

NOTICE

Letters testamentary on the estate of Catherine M. W. Foster, late of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa.

CAN YOU TALK TEMPERANCE?

If so, you can sell Insurance for the NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY and earn \$100 to \$200 per month as special or General Agent in your county. Experience not necessary. The only Life Insurance Institution that does not insure the drinker. PROMPTNESS and PERMANENT POSITION to acceptable men that make good.
John D. Knapp, Sec'y, 96 William St., New York.

"HAIR-HOPE" ends GRAY HAIR

Restores Natural Color in few applications. Not a quick dye which gives a weird, streaked, stained, unnatural look, but acts so naturally, gradually, no one suspects. No oil or grease. Does not stain scalp. Stops Dandruff, Itching Scalp, Falling Hair. Leaves Hair nice, soft, fluffy. No complaints—45 years sale. Will please you. Does the work right. No samples. Sent prepaid for \$1.00. R. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.
"ROUGH ON RATS" ends Rats, Mice, Bugs, Etc.

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Molasses.

In sealed sanitary cans. Finest for table use and baking. Ask your grocer for it. Send postal card for booklet of Prize Recipes to
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Kill If You Let Them.
Instead kill your Cough with DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY. It heals Irritated Throat and Lungs. Thousands in last 40 years benefited by

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Money Back If It Fails
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Sufferers with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Neuritis, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatoid Arthritis or Gout, no matter how severe your case is, write for my FREE BOOK, Frederick Dugdale, M. D., Dept. M. S., 372 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

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JESSE A. CASE
Dept. 841
Brookton, Mass.

FOOD VALUE OF CORN.

A Series of Comparisons That is a Study in Economy.

I have recently made an exhaustive investigation of the comparative food value of the products of white corn, and the results show the products to be so much more economical than many of the foods commonly used that I believe it would interest your readers to see the comparison.

The food value of one pound of cornmeal, grits or hominy, costing 3 cents, is equal to the food value of any of the following commonly used foods:
1 pound of wheat flour, costing... 6 cents
1 pound of rice, costing... 9 cents
1 1/2 pounds of cheese, costing... 60 cents
2 1/2 pounds of round steak, costing 50 cents
2 dozen eggs, costing... 50 cents
1/2 peck of potatoes, costing... 40 cents
9 pints of milk, costing... 50 cents

National prosperity has made us prodigal of our resources and wasteful of our substance, particularly in the matter of food, for which we have been paying more than is commensurate with food values, and I believe it behooves Americans today to consider the real nutritive value of the food which they purchase and to know the merits of white corn products, which I believe to be the cheapest nourishing food which the housewife can buy on the market today.

The south knows and appreciates the value of white corn for table use. Why not the north, east and west?—A. W. Smith in New York Post.

LISPING AND STUTTERING.

Children Should Be Taught How to Use Their Speech Organs.

Lisping may be caused by a lack of practice in the organs of speech. Stutterers are recruited largely from the ranks of the lispers. Children imitate the slovenly and disagreeable language of their elders.

Among the causes of lisping, in addition to the wrong use of speech organs, are abnormal teeth, lips, tongue, jaw or palate. Some cases are apparently due to carelessness or haste in reproducing speech sounds.

Lisping is not to be considered abnormal unless it noticeably persists beyond the age of five or six years. Usually the tendency to slur over words disappears rapidly in the upper grades of school. Fully one-fourth of the children entering school suffer from this speech defect.

Many educators argue that the first months of school should be given over to exercises in oral language intended to form correct habits of speech. They claim that the anxious haste of the primary teacher to teach children to read is unjustified and maintain that if one-half of the time used for phonetic drills were devoted to voice cultivation many cases of stuttering would be prevented.—Hutchinson Press.

Two Cousins; Two Thrones.

"Nicholas Romanoff" of Russia and King George of England are cousins, look much alike and are probably not greatly different in intellectual ability. One is of the throne and the other is on because one throne was an anomalous survival of medievalism, while the other is an adaptation to modern democratic progress.—Springfield Republican.

Tiny and Tireless.

Heat is not a substance. It is merely the vibration of the molecules composing the material heated. Every material is made up of molecules, and each molecule is composed of atoms. Molecules of matter are held together by a force called cohesion.

At an ordinary room temperature yet than liquid air, or minus 270 degrees, all molecules are at rest. As the temperature rises the molecules begin to move to and fro. The higher the temperature, the faster the molecules swing the molecules.

Molecules are so minute that there are about one sextillion of them in a cubic inch of air. These at freezing temperature oscillate back and forth at the rate of 1,470 feet a second. The average length of their path between oscillations is about one two hundred and seventy-seven thousandth of an inch. Each comes into collision with its fellows about 5,000,000 times a second.

Foe of the Tarantula.

Tarantulas prefer loose, stony ground for their habitat. The foolish creatures come out for a stroll just before the sunset hours, at the very time when the tarantula hawk—which is not a bird, but a wasp—is out looking for them. The vicious wasp is quite sure to find them, and, although the fight may be long and the tarantula may make a tenacious defense, the wasp's lance will finally pierce and stupefy the tarantula, whose body will retain warmth during the required number of days for the incubation of the eggs which the wasp will deposit in her victim.

When the grubs of the baby tarantula hawks appear the ungracious little things will immediately proceed to devour the warm husk that gives them protection and life, thus fulfilling their destiny and incidentally protecting the dwellers on the border.

Night Light in the Sky.

In studying the amount of light in the sky on a starlit night Lambertus Xutema, in Germany, reached the interesting conclusion that the luminosity of the sky is caused partly by direct starlight and partly by some other source of light. This latter he calls earth light and suggests that it may be due to a permanent aurora attending the earth. The light is variable not only on different nights, but at different hours of the same night. He found it to be from seven to fifteen times the amount of mean starlight, but it is believed that this ratio is exceptional and does not prevail everywhere. Some observations indicate that the light has its origin close to the surface of the earth. It has been suggested that it may have a similar origin to that of the light emitted by the coma of a comet.

Norway's Capital.

The name of Christiania dates back only 300 years. The city which preceded it was Oslo, the site of which is now included in the area of Christiania. Oslo was the ancient capital of Norway and existed some 800 years before its name was changed to Christiania, in 1624, after Oslo had been destroyed by a fire. King Christian IV. resolved, in spite of the protests of the

citizens, that the site of the capital should be moved a couple of thousand yards westward to be nearer the fortress of Akershus and at the same time decided that the town when rebuilt should be named after himself.

Her Great Fear.

"What is it that makes you so nervous, dear?"

"Why, Jack is to have an interview with papa this afternoon."

"I see, and you are afraid your father won't give his consent."

"No. I'm afraid Jack won't show up."—New York Telegram.

Where He Fails.

"It's too bad the average man can't be satisfied with a good living and not be hungering for more money."

"The average man is satisfied with a good living. The only trouble is that his idea of a good living grows with his income."—Exchange.

Peace at Last.

Mr. Hoon—Scrapington and his wife have parted. Mrs. Hoon—Good gracious! What is the trouble? Mr. Hoon—There isn't any trouble now. They have parted.

The Natural Result.

"Pop, when you sow wild oats what crop do you get?"

"Lemons, my son."—Exchange.

Golden Pots and Pans.

Should the shah of Persia desire to pledge his kitchen requisites he might realize \$500,000. Every saucepan of this monarch is gilded inside, and the dishes which appear on the table are of solid gold, as well as the spoons, knives and forks. The handles of the latter, moreover, are ornamented with costly stones, and some are worth as much as \$100 each.

In preparing lunch for the shah none but silver spoons can be used, and any covering used for keeping cold meats must also be of silver.

His majesty has a staff of over thirty chefs, and altogether those employed in his kitchen number nearly 120. Their wages amount to \$500 a week.—London Globe.

Protects the Deer.

A kindly act on the part of a railway was the order of the Southern Pacific to its engineers that when a deer is seen on the track at night the headlight shall be extinguished for a moment. More than a dozen deer were killed by trains in California in January. It has been discovered that when the headlight is extinguished, if only for a second, the animals are able to jump to safety. Otherwise the glare of the headlight dazes them so that they are run down before they can escape.—Outlook.

Round Towers of Ireland.

No one knows exactly when or why the round towers in Ireland were built, but some believe that the druids erected them as watch towers and places to which to go for safety in time of danger. A good many of the towers have the tops broken down, and those which show the cone tops intact have mostly been restored. There is no door on the ground, the doors being purposely built at about ten or fifteen feet from the ground and were reached by lad-

ders. After the people had climbed inside they drew their ladders up after them and thus were out of reach of the Danes who frequently invaded the country. The tiny windows of these towers are far up toward the top also. About eighty round towers remain in Ireland, but only a few of them are perfect. According to one authority, they were probably built between the ninth and thirteenth centuries.

Two Freaks of Nature.

Two contrasting freaks of nature are the Island of Fire and the Lake of Snow. The Island of Fire is called the House of Hot Devils. It is situated in the midst of a large lake of boiling mud in the island of Java. The steam and gases which arise from the sticky mud form themselves into bubbles, attaining a diameter of five or six feet, and sail high up in the air like balloons, carried hither and thither by the wind and finally exploding with a loud crash.

The biggest snow lake is seen from the summit of Elkapur pass, in the Karakoram range. It is more than 300 square miles in area. In Switzerland the sea of ice might better be called the sea of snow, as the surface is broken up by solar heat, which makes a minute fissuring in the ice, giving it the appearance of snow.

When a Man is Most Efficient.

In the American Magazine Dean Herman Schneider of the School of Engineering of the University of Cincinnati says:

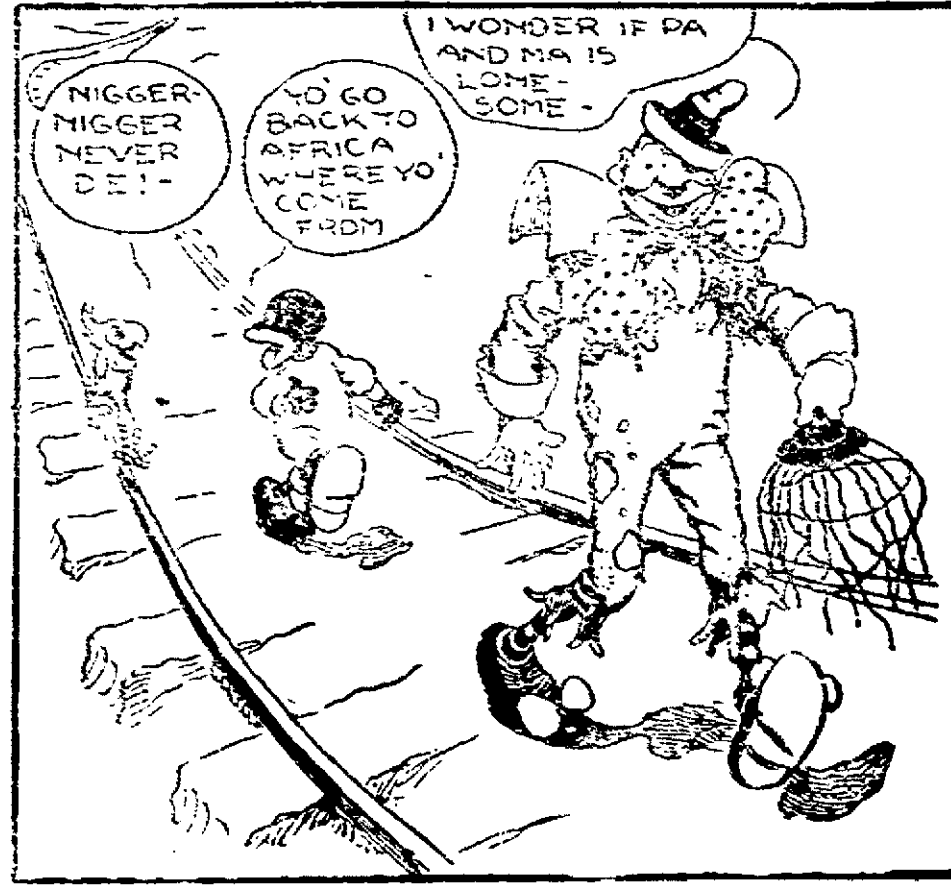
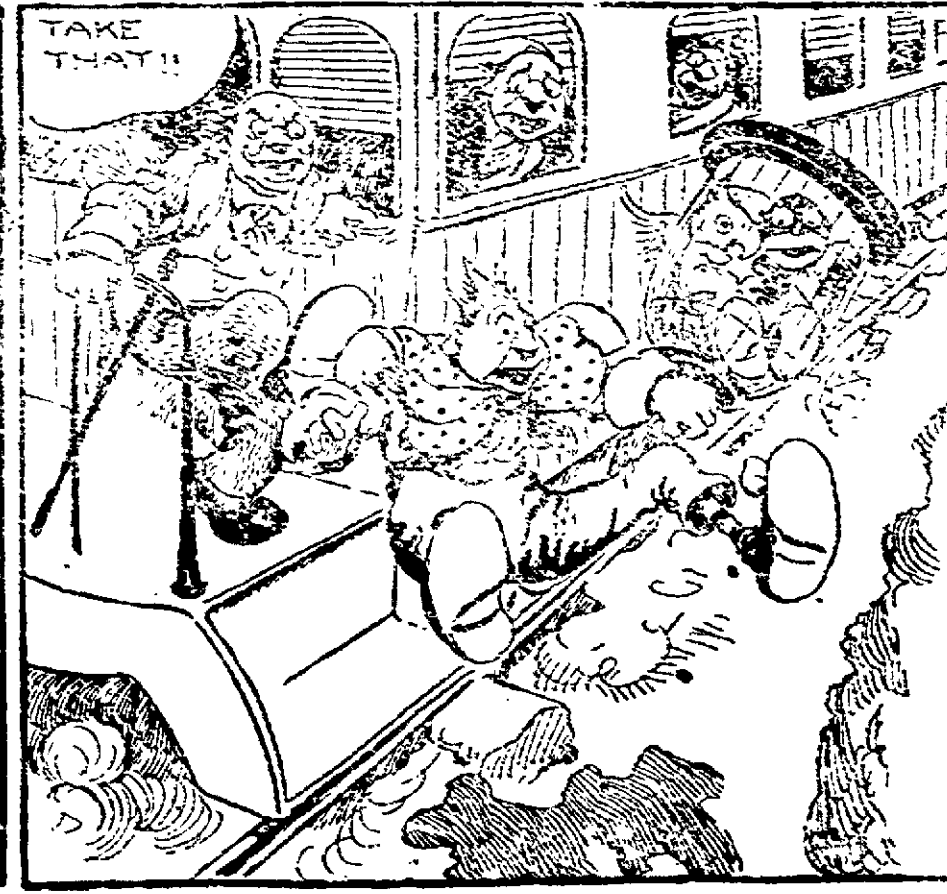
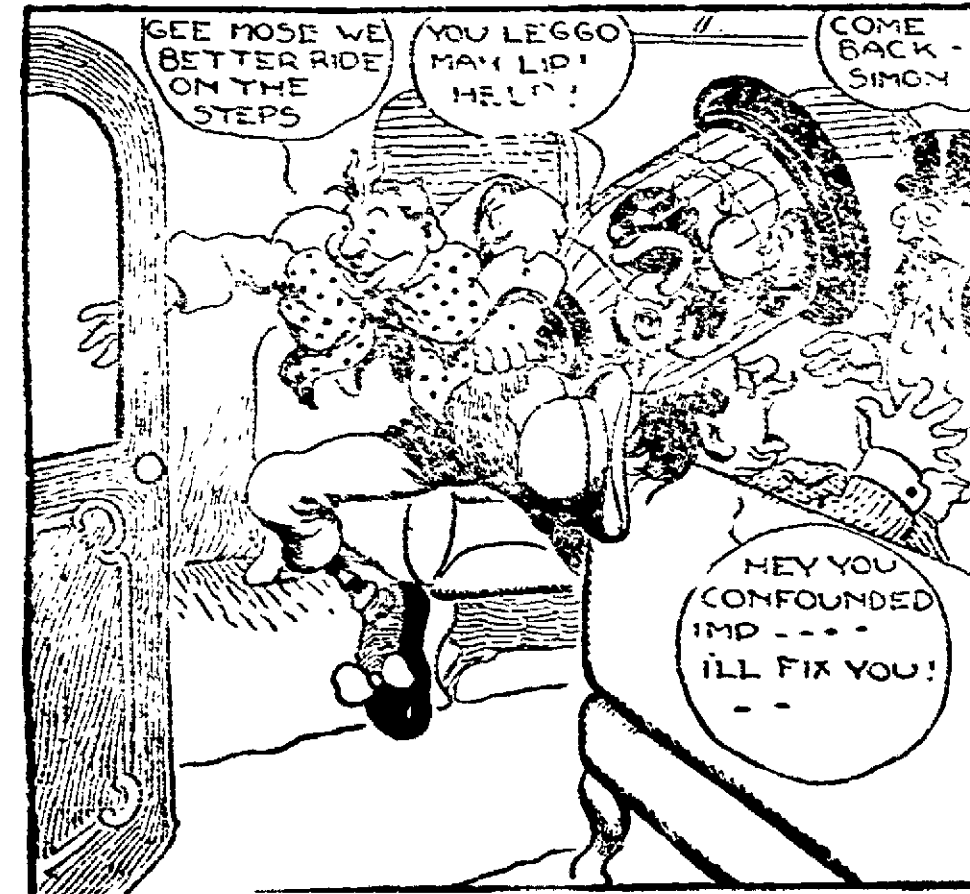
"A man is most efficient when he is doing the work that gives him the greatest satisfaction. From the laborer to the business executive, every man should get three things out of work—a decent living, development and discipline and satisfaction in the doing."

"If your job gives these to you give back to it the best work of your hand and brain. If it fails to give you these face the fact that you are a misfit and seek your appointed place. You have no right to let life remain separated from its two handmaids—liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Fainting.
Anything which disturbs the circulation of blood in the brain will produce a feeling of faintness and unconsciousness. What ever may be the cause of fainting, always place the person in a recumbent position—on the bed, sofa or floor. See that the head is lower than the feet. It is better to lift up the feet and legs so as to facilitate the flow of blood to the brain. Unfasten the shoes, wristbands, belt, collar—nothing must be allowed to bind the person, as this delays the return of blood to the brain. Bathe the face with cold water, give plenty of fresh air to breathe and water to drink if the patient is conscious. Send for a physician if a person in a faint does not respond quickly to the fresh air and cold water treatment.

120 SIMON SIMPLE COULDN'T LEAVE MOSE BEHIND.



A Civil War Romance

Story For Memorial Day

By F. A. MITCHELL

We used to think the war between the states was the biggest fight the world had ever seen, and until the pan-European fight came, involving the whole civilized world, it was. The war of '61 is now so far behind us that it ranks in period with the war with Mexico, and comparatively few living took any part in it.

Then, too, the southern and northern people have been mingling for the fifty or sixty years since the war. Some northerners have gone south, and a great many southerners have come north. I run across a story of the great confusion the other day, hearing it on northern territory. The hero and the heroine were septuagenarians, but they showed the photographs of themselves that took me back to the days of their youth as effectively as if I saw them when they first met. This is the story:

In the spring of 1862 a division of the Federal army advanced through Bowling Green, Ky., to Nashville and thence to Murfreesboro. At the latter point the army waited while the railroad that had been broken up by the Confederates was being repaired. During the execution of this work the army, with the exception of those engaged in the work, was idle, and since there was no enemy near, the soldiers were allowed a good deal of freedom.

One day Johnny Warfield, a youngster who had enlisted in the Federal army on the day he was eighteen years old, concluded that he would go out foraging for delicacies, the paymaster having been around. The spring was coming on, and Johnny enjoyed tramping independently with no one closer to tread on his heels and no officer to yell orders at him. The air was balmy, and the sun shone bright. Johnny bent his steps southward partly from curiosity and partly because there were no Confederate forces in the vicinity, and he was as safe in one direction as another, though he was safe nowhere beyond the Federal lines from those independent mounted troops called partisans or from the guerrillas, who robbed friend and foe alike.

Johnny stopped at several farmhouses for the purpose of purchasing eggs, butter, milk and other delicacies, but the women to whom he applied preferred to keep their supplies, when they had them, to themselves and refused to sell. So Johnny went on southward, rejoicing in the warm April sunshine, listening to the singing birds and the hum of insects, till he arrived at one of these double houses so common in the south, with an opening, a porch, between them. Looking over a rail fence that separated the house from the road, he saw a girl working a churn on the porch. She looked to be about fifteen years old, wore her dress not far below the knees, and her hair, held back by a semicircular comb, was cut square around her neck.

"May I have a drink of buttermilk?" asked Johnny.

The girl made no reply, but, taking a tin dipper hanging to a nail, lifted the cover of the churn, filled the dipper with buttermilk and handed it to him. He drank it off and, taking from his pocket some paper war currency issued by the United States government in lieu of silver, offered it to the girl. But she said a drink of buttermilk was not worth paying for and declined to receive the shipplaster.

Liking the looks of the girl, Johnny climbed the fence and went with her to the house. Seating himself in a rocking chair on the porch, he took out his pipe, filled it and sat smoking contentedly. He soon learned from her that she had struck a Union family, and the Unionists of the south were very bitter against their Confederate neighbors. Johnny was given whatever of food there was in the house and was not permitted to pay for anything.

"See hyar, my boy," said the mother of the girl, "ah! 't' go takin' a risk comin' down hyar alone? Morgan passed along the road aldy this mornin'." (John Morgan was the celebrated Confederate partisan leader.)

Johnny said he hadn't thought much about the risk. He had scarcely spoken the word when a distant tread of horses' hoofs was heard coming up the road. The mother of John and Johnny turned pale. Her mother beckoned him, and he ran into the house and was secreted in the cellar. Morgan and his men passed the house without stopping and rode on to make one of those dashes against the Union pickets which were a common practice with them.

John did not risk a return to camp for several days, during which he was sheltered and fed by his hosts, the Torbert family, and when he did venture out on the road he was thinking more of Emily Torbert, with whom he had been companionable, than of his safety. When he got back to his command he found it had been supposed he had been captured by the men who had made the raid.

A year passed, during which Johnny Warfield marched with his command into northern Alabama. Then the Union army was driven back into Kentucky, and after the battle of Perryville it started south again. In the summer of 1863 Johnny Warfield found himself again in Murfreesboro. The railroad had again been destroyed

by the Confederates, and the army, now a very large one, was again waiting while the road was being repaired. When this was done and the corn was ripe so that forage could be procured for the animals, the Federals moved on southward. A small battle occurred a short distance south of Murfreesboro, in which Johnny was wounded and carried into a house near by.

When he gathered his faculties what was his astonishment to see Mrs. Torbert standing beside his bed. He started at her, momentarily thinking that he had never left the house. Then he realized that he was in the room in which he had slept when there before. To crown his surprise a girl came into the room whom he recognized as Emily. Her dress reached to the floor, and her hair had been permitted to grow and was done up in a knot on the back of her head. She was a year older than when John had left her, and in that year she had grown to be a woman.

Several other wounded men had been lodged at the house, but they all soon recovered and rejoined the army, which had marched on southward. John was badly wounded and was to have been sent back to a hospital at Murfreesboro. But at the time for his removal he was very low, and he was left where he was. He remained there some time, nursed by Mrs. Torbert and her daughter, before he recovered his strength.

There had been a chance, so far as Emily was concerned, in the family affairs. A neighbor who was a soldier in a Tennessee regiment of Confederates had been at the house, had seen Emily and wanted her for his wife. He was thirty years old and heir to one of the best plantations in that region. Mrs. Torbert, realizing that he would be a good match for her daughter, had persuaded Emily to consent to marry him. At that time the Confederates were marching northward, but before Emily would assent to an immediate wedding the Federal troops had occupied Murfreesboro, and the Confederates had retreated to Tullahoma, leaving the space where the Torberts lived again a desolate ground.

Shortly before John regained strength enough to rejoin his command a letter was received from Walter Bristow, Emily's betrothed, stating that he had received leave of absence to go to the Torbert plantation and claim his bride. He would be permitted to be absent but a day or two, after which he must rejoin his command, which had moved on south, followed by the northern army to Chattanooga. He would be obliged to pass around the Federal lines in order to reach the home of his bride.

John's reunion with the little southern girl had revived the feelings he had cherished when he had met her the first time. And, as for Emily, she had been captivated by the young soldier at the moment she saw him. When Johnny had left her after that first meeting she had never expected to see him again. But he had slipped into her heart and there lay, if not hopelessly.

When the letter came from Bristow announcing that on a certain day he would come to claim his bride Emily collapsed. Her mother, ignorant of the fact that a love affair had grown up where she had arranged for an advantageous marriage, made no secret of the fact of the Confederate's coming and at once began to prepare apparel suitable for a bride. Johnny may have looked love to Emily, but he had never spoken it. The fact that a day was appointed for her to be given to another appalled him.

"Oh, Emily," he exclaimed, "don't do it!"

"I've promised," she gasped.

Thus were the two suddenly plunged into a sea of difficulty.

"Maybe he won't come. He may not be able to get here," suggested Emily.

"If he is not here on time will you marry me?" pleaded John.

To this there was neither assent nor dissent. The lovers did not know what to do. A union between a soldier boy from a northern state to a portentious girl of Tennessee was not an especially practical one to itself, but when a man of means who, if killed in the war, would leave her his property, was coming to marry her the situation was decidedly complicated. John had to take the assurance to ask the mother to give him her daughter under such circumstances, and Emily had no faith in her mother's promising what would seem to be so ill timed a proceeding.

What they did was to hope the groom would not come. Indeed, he must take a great risk to do so. When the day came that he was to arrive the bride was arranged in her wedding dress, and a country parson was engaged to perform the ceremony, for Bristow had written that he might dare to remain but a short time for fear of capture by the Federal troops. At 10 o'clock in the morning he was not there; at noon he had not arrived; at dark nothing had been heard of him.

Mrs. Torbert was angry.

"Come, Emily," said John.

"Where?"

"To the parson."

Emily yielded passively. The two slipped out, went to the parson and were married. John was not seen there again till the end of the war, which was two years later. He found his wife waiting for him and took her to his home beyond the Ohio river.

Bristow on his way to claim his bride had been captured by Federal troops.

He was taken to a Federal prison north of the Ohio river, where he was confined till the end of the war and never could communicate with her.

It was hard for me, looking at the old couple, then at their likeness taken in wartime, to realize that they were the same couple.

Accurate Timekeepers.

The most perfect clocks are used in astronomical observations. One of these has run for months, with an average error of only one fifteen-thousandth of a second a day. In order to run so perfectly a clock must not only be constructed and adjusted with the greatest care, but must be installed in a special room, such as an underground vault, where the temperature is practically uniform. It must also be free from jar or vibration and must, therefore, be mounted on a heavy masonry pier. Lastly, it should always be kept under the same barometric pressure, and this may be effected by enclosing it in a glass or metal case, from which the air is partially exhausted. In order that the case may not be opened or disturbed, the winding is done automatically by electricity, the frequency of the winding in some cases being as often as every minute. Only pendulum clocks can attain the highest degree of accuracy. — Wall Street Journal.

Our Naval Chronometers.

With a view to providing the exact time for chronometers used on warships, the navy department has a master clock in a vault under the Naval observatory, where the temperature is never allowed to vary more than the hundredth part of a degree. This evenness of temperature is ensured by means of a thermostat and a small electric stove. When the temperature rises the two-hundredth part of a degree above normal the thermostat automatically turns off the stove. When it falls below normal the stove starts working again. Sometimes the electric bulb is switched off and on again over a dozen times a minute. Before being dispatched from the observatory all chronometers are kept under close scrutiny in a room hung around with wet cloths. This is done so as to accustom them as far as possible to the conditions of moisture which prevail at sea.

The City of Silence.

Amyclae, an ancient town of Laconia, situated on the eastern bank of the Eurotas, was a famous city in the heroic age. It was the abode of Tyndarus and his spouse, Leda; of Castor and Pollux, who are hence called the "Amyclae Brothers." It was only shortly before the first Messenian war (743-724 B. C.) that the town was conquered by the Spartan king Teleclus. The inhabitants had been so often alarmed by false reports of the approach of the Spartans that, growing tired of living in a state of continual alarm, they decreed that no one should henceforth mention or even take notice of these disagreeable notions, and accordingly when the Spartans at last came no one dared to announce their approach; hence arose the Greek saying "Amyclae perished through silence."

A Dissected Plateau.

Standing on a hilltop almost anywhere in New England on a clear day and looking around at the horizon one notices that the high level surfaces of one hill after another approach the plane of the circular sky line. It requires but little imagination to recognize in the successive hilltops the remains of the even and continuous surface of what was once a great plain, from which the valleys of today have been carved by the erosive action of flowing water. This is most easily recognized from a considerable elevation, especially in the broad upland high level areas of western Massachusetts at Whitecomb hills, on the Mohawk trail. This is termed a dissected plateau. — Geological Survey Bulletin.

Cultivating the Soil.

Nitrogen is the most costly and most necessary of all elements of fertilizers, and therefore any adding nitrification tends to increased fertility. Deep stirring is one solution, and the longer a soil has been cultivated the deeper and more thoroughly should it be stirred. Rich virgin soils should be plowed more shallow or too much surface nitrification takes place, resulting in rank vegetation.

Air and Temperature.

Heaviest air is coldest, and a clear, still atmosphere allows this to settle down to the soil, though it may be ten degrees warmer ten feet higher. Wind keeps the colder air from settling and mixes it with warmer strata at varying heights, so that all near the earth is of uniform temperature.

Books of Youth.

The books that charmed us in youth recall the delight of our afterwards; we are hardly persuaded there are like them any deserving equally our affections. Fortunate if the best books fall in our way during this susceptible and forming period of our lives. — Alcott.

Three Days at Once.

Three days can exist at the same time! It sounds impossible, but it is nevertheless a fact that when it is very late Sunday night at Attu island, Alaska, it is Monday noon in London and Tuesday morning at Cape Deshnev, Siberia!

A Handicap.

"Begin every day well," said the philosopher.

"Sure!" said the grouch. "But what are you going to do if you've got chronic indigestion?" — Detroit Free Press.

A Boy's Hero.

When a boy selects a hero it may be a famous burglar or a noted highwayman. But it is never the pastor of his church. — Cincinnati Enquirer.

Be brief, for it is with words as with umbrellas—the more they are condensed the deeper they burn. — Southey.

A Rash Bargain.

The minister dropped into the village barber shop for a shave, at the close of which he proffered the usual ten cent price of the shop.

"I'll take it in preaching, sir," replied the polite barber, refusing the offered coin. "My friend," rejoined the minister with some dignity, "I haven't a ten cent sermon." "That's all right, sir," quickly retorted the barber; "then I'll go twice." — Christian Herald.

Fifty-Fifty.

"So she has agreed to be yours?"

"That was not exactly the way she expressed it."

"No?"

"She said she would be as much mine as I would be hers." — Birmingham Age-Herald.

Between Friends.

Edith—Jack told me I was so interesting and so beautiful, Marie—And yet you will trust yourself for life with a man who begins deceiving you so early. — Boston Transcript.

CORRECT ENGLISH

HOW TO USE IT

Josephine Truck Baker, Editor

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE

For Progressive Men and Women, Business and Professional, Club-Women, Teachers, Students, Ministers, Doctors, Lawyers, Stenographers, and for all who wish to Speak and Write Correct English.

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Sample Copy 10c. Subscription Price \$2.00 a Year.

EVANSTON, ILLINOIS.

Please mention this paper.

Josephine Truck Baker's Standard Magazine and Books are recommended by this paper.

John L. Stock, son of Uriah Stock, of near New Oxford, has been elected principal of the New Oxford schools. He is at present at Mercersburg Academy.

Whooping Cough.

One of the most successful preparations in use for this disease is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. S. W. McClinton, Blandon Springs, Ala., writes, "Our baby had whooping cough as bad as most any baby could have it. I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it soon got him well." Obtainable everywhere.

F. V. Topper, McSherrystown, executor of the estate of the late F. X. Krichen, has received the \$500 death claim from the Pennsylvania Railroad Relief Fund; also \$3.11 superannuation and \$15.80 back pension, making a total of \$518.91. The venerable Mr. Krichen was on the pension roll of the company for nearly twenty years.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

Allen Diehl of Erie is visiting his parents in New Oxford. Mr. Diehl, who is in the engineering department of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has enlisted in the engineering regiment now being recruited in Pittsburgh.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 35 years. \$1.00 a bottle.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Hemler of Lagas, New Mexico, are visiting relatives in McSherrystown. The trip was made by automobile. They left three weeks ago, but were delayed about ten days on the road on account of bad weather.

Have you used Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup? It is the whole truth. Babies like it. Cures all stomach troubles.

Oliver Luckenbaugh, Cumberland township, reports having a hen's egg 6 inches by 8 inches in dimensions.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

R. F. Shriver and Company, who operate the canning establishment at Littlestown, have announced that they will pay \$17 a ton for sweet corn this year. They have arranged for the distribution of seed corn now. The Littlestown factory is being doubled in capacity and facilities for the accommodation of growers.

For a burn or scald apply Chamberlain's Salve. It will allay the pain almost instantly and quickly heal the injured parts. For sale by The People's Drug Store.

The farmers annual picnic, midway between Abbottstown and East Berlin will be held Aug. 24 and 25.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. H. H.*

George Berkheimer has moved his family and household effects from Illinois to the John R. Kuhn farm, near East Berlin.

George Miller of Bonneauville, while working a piece of leather on Monday, cut the tip of the thumb on his right hand, to the bone.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Reddening Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Mrs. Jonas Wolf of near Hampton had the middle finger of her left hand painfully crushed by having it caught in closing the door of their Ford car on Sunday.

Rheumatism.

If you are troubled with chronic or muscular rheumatism give Chamberlain's Liniment a trial. The relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. Obtainable everywhere.

Wm. McSherry, Esq., of Gettysburg, is having a large and up-to-date frame bungalow erected on his farm formerly the Lilly farm, at Lilly's mill. Stanley Lawrence of Irishtown has the contract.

Biliousness and Constipation.

For years I was troubled with biliousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations and cathartics only made matters worse. I do not know where I should have to-day had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. The tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, purify the stomach, liver and blood, helping the system to do its work naturally. — Mrs. Rosa Potts, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale by The People's Drug Store.

J. E. Bowers, who has been conducting a general store in York Springs for the past three years has exchanged business places with C. M. Boyer, of Hanover.

Worms Make Children Fretful.

Children suffering from worms are dull and irritable, puny and weak, often grind their teeth and cry out in sleep, being a constant source of worry to their parents. Kickapoo Worm Killer is a mild laxative remedy in candy tablet form that children like to take. Promptly effective, it kills and removes the worm from the system. Irregular appetite and bowel movement, lack of interest in play are sure signs of worms. Relieve your child of this burden. At all druggists, 25c.

Mrs. Luther Markle of East Berlin has bought the Mrs. Elias Spahr property in Reading township at public sale for \$520.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes 25c and 50c at all stores.

While Earl Kling, 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Kling of Kling's Mill, near New Oxford, was playing on the bank of the mill race with his brother, Sunday, the high wind blew him into the water. His little brother did not discover that he had fallen in for nearly ten minutes, when he ran for his father who rescued the child. It took a physician several hours of hard work to resuscitate him as he was almost lifeless when taken from the stream.

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, will lead to chronic constipation. Doan's Regulents operate easily. 25c a box at all stores.

Grace, the 9-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Stambaugh of East Berlin, was hit with a baseball and had her nose broken while playing on the school campus last Thursday afternoon.

If you fear hot weather and bad bowels, Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup is your friend and the baby's comfort.

R. E. Zinn of Gettysburg had the misfortune to lose his fine black driving mare "R. E. Girl" by death one night this week.

Shake off the grip of your old enemy, Nasal Catarrh, by using Ely's Cream Balm. Then will all the swelling and soreness be driven out of the tender, inflamed membranes. The fits of sneezing will cease and the discharge, as offensive to others as to yourself, will be stopped when the causes that produce it are removed. Cleanliness, comfort and renewed health by the use of Cream Balm. Sold by all druggists for 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., New York.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

J. Frank Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co. doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Advertisement.

A clothes basket containing the week's wash was completely destroyed by fire, at the home of Arthur Rowe, residing in the tenement house of Commissioner H. B. Slagle, just beyond Red Hill, Oxford township, on Monday evening. The basket was standing in a room on the second floor and the blaze is presumed to have been caused by sparks from the chimney. A bureau nearby was burned but the fire was put out before other damage was done.

Spring Colds Are Dangerous.

Sudden changes of temperature and underwear bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general cold symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membranes and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt as a half cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone.

Judge Howard Dicks of Hampton and George D. Coulson of Reading township, have had acetylene light plants installed in their homes.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

Edward V. Sheely, formerly of New Oxford, has been appointed by the Governor of Tennessee a member of the State Board of Pharmacy. He was recently elected one of the seven directors of the Business Men's Club of the Chamber of Commerce, of Memphis. Mr. Sheely is a brother of Geo. C., Chas. H., and Wm. F. Sheely, of New Oxford.

A Symbol of Health.

The Pythagorians of Ancient Greece ate simple food, practiced temperance and purity. As a badge they used the five pointed star which they regarded as a symbol of health. A red five pointed star appears on each package of Chamberlain's Tablets, and still fulfils its ancient mission as a symbol of health. If you are troubled with indigestion, biliousness or constipation, get a package of these tablets from your druggist. You will be surprised at the quick relief which they afford. Obtainable everywhere.

While riding a crowded trolley car from Harrisburg to Steelton last Wednesday, Hon. E. L. Sheffer of East Berlin lost his pocketbook containing about \$5. Mr. Sheffer, who is about 82 years old, and has traveled thousands of miles, says he never had his pocket picked before.

Sloan's Liniment For Rheumatism.

The torture of rheumatism, the pains and aches that make life unbearable are relieved by Sloan's Liniment, a clean clear liquid that is easy to apply and more effective than mussy plasters or ointments because it penetrates quickly without rubbing. For the many pains and aches following exposure, strains, sprains and muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment is promptly effective. Always have a bottle handy for gout, lumbago, toothache, backache, stiff neck and all external pains. At druggists 25c.

Mervin Decker of York Springs, while visiting Lloyd Palmer at Littlestown, killed a copperhead snake that measured 2 feet 8 inches in length.

Chamberlain's Tablets Have Done Wonders for Me.

"I have been a sufferer from stomach trouble for a number of years, and although I have used a great number of remedies recommended for this complaint, Chamberlain's Tablets is the first medicine that has given me positive and lasting relief," writes Mrs. Anna Kadin, Spencerport N. Y. "Chamberlain's Tablets have done wonders for me and I value them very highly." Obtainable everywhere.

At a meeting of Conwago School Board held Friday evening, Edward Breighner was awarded the contract to erect a brick annex 36 x 30 feet to the Midway School House. Contract price \$1815.00.

Can you believe your senses?

When two of them taste and smell, having been impaired if not utterly destroyed, by Nasal Catarrh, are fully restored by Ely's Cream Balm. Can you doubt that this remedy deserves all that has been said of it by the thousands who have used it? It is applied directly to the affected passages and begins its healing work at once. Why not get it to-day? All druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., New York, on receipt of 50 cents.